

Privacy Impact Assessment for the VA IT System called:

# Salesforce: Veteran Rapid Retraining Assistance Program (VRRAP)

# Office of Business Integration (OBI) & Education Veterans Benefits Administration

Date PIA submitted for review:

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## **System Contacts:**

#### System Contacts

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# **Abstract**

The abstract provides the simplest explanation for "what does the system do?" and will be published online to accompany the PIA link.

Veteran Rapid Retraining Assistance Program (VRRAP) is an intake tool used to track Veterans who apply for the retraining assistance program that was enacted on March 11, 2021. This tool is used as a central repository in tracking the Veteran applicants and enrollees in the Veterans Rapid Retraining Assistance Program. This Salesforce module will track enrolled student Veterans VRRAP benefits on their applications, application progress, school enrollment and payments.

# **Overview**

The overview is the most important section of the PIA. A thorough and clear overview gives the reader the appropriate context to understand the responses in the PIA. The overview should contain the following elements:

- The IT system name and the name of the program office that owns the IT system.
- The business purpose of the program, IT system, or technology and how it relates to the program office and agency mission.
- *Indicate the ownership or control of the IT system or project.*
- The expected number of individuals whose information is stored in the system and a brief description of the typical client or affected individual.
- A general description of the information in the IT system and the purpose for collecting this information.
- Any information sharing conducted by the IT system. A general description of the modules and subsystems, where relevant, and their functions.
- Whether the system is operated in more than one site, and if so, a description of how use of the system and PII is maintained consistently in all sites and if the same controls are used across sites.
- A citation of the legal authority to operate the IT system.
- Whether the completion of this PIA will result in circumstances that require changes to business processes
- Whether the completion of this PIA could potentially result in technology changes
- If the system is in the process of being modified and a SORN exists, will the SORN require amendment or revision and approval? If the system is using cloud technology, does the SORN for the system cover cloud usage or storage?

Salesforce: Veterans Rapid Retraining Assistance Program (VRRAP) is owned by Office of Business Integration (OBI) & Education at Veterans Benefits Administration (VBA). The Salesforce platform is owned by Office of Information Technology (OIT) as it is a Software as a Service (SaaS) system.

Veteran Rapid Retraining Assistance Program (VRRAP) is an intake tool used to track Veterans who apply for the retraining assistance program that was enacted on March 11, 2021. This tool is used as

a central repository in tracking the applicants and enrollees Veterans in the Veterans Rapid Retraining Assistance Program.

This Salesforce module will track student Veterans who applied for VRRAP benefits. It will be used to track their applications, application progress, school enrollment, payment amounts and when payments are made. Payments will not be made in Salesforce, but the tool will track when a payment is made.

The tool will be used by up to 100 VA employees in the Muskogee Regional Benefits Office to track up to 17,250 Veteran applicants and participants depending on the official approved enrollment.

VRRAP tool collects data of Veterans such as Name, Mailing Address, Contact Telephone Number, Email Address, monetary amount allocated for education, amount spent and Veterans ID [Social Security Number (SSN)].

Although VRRAP data is stored in the Salesforce FedRAMP cloud, it remains the property of the VA and as such, the VA remains responsible for the security and privacy of this data. The VA enforces these protection requirements through the implementation of its cybersecurity policies and the Risk Management Framework (RMF) process. Under the RMF Process, the system has a Data Security Categorization of Moderate, with the impacts of a data compromise being identified in the VRRAP Data Security Categorization (DSC) memo. The Privacy Act is the legal authority to utilize this information.

# VRRAP system will not

- Cause any business processes to change,
- Cause any technology changes, nor
- Affect the relevant SORN applicable for the system is Compensation, Pension, Education, and Vocational Rehabilitation and Employment Records—VA (<u>58VA21/22/28</u>). The SORN covers all Personally Identifiable Information (PII) used in VRRAP.

# Section 1. Characterization of the Information

The following questions are intended to define the scope of the information requested and collected as well as the reasons for its collection as part of the program, IT system, or technology being developed.

# 1.1 What information is collected, used, disseminated, created, or maintained in the system?

Identify and list all Sensitive Personal Information (SPI) that is collected and stored in the system, including Individually Identifiable Information (III), Individually Identifiable Health Information (IIHI), Protected Health Information (PHI), and Privacy- Protected Information. For additional information on these information types and definitions, please see VA Directives and Handbooks in the 6500 series (https://vaww.va.gov/vapubs/). If the system creates information (for example, a score, analysis, or report), list the information the system is responsible for creating.

If a requesting system receives information from another system, such as a response to a background check, describe what information is returned to the requesting system.

This question is related to privacy control AP-1, Authority To Collect, and AP-2, Purpose Specification.

The information selected below must match the information provided in question 2.1 as well as the data elements columns in 4.1 and 5.1.

Please check any information listed below that your system collects, uses, disseminates, creates, or

maintains. If additional SPI is collect	ed, used, disseminated, created, or ma	intained, please list those in
the text box below:		
Name     Nam	Health Insurance	☐ Integration Control
Social Security	Beneficiary Numbers	Number (ICN)
Number	Account numbers	Military
Date of Birth	Certificate/License	History/Service
☐ Mother's Maiden Name	numbers	Connection
Personal Mailing	Vehicle License Plate	Next of Kin
Address	Number	Other Unique
Personal Phone	Internet Protocol (IP)	Identifying Information
Number(s)	Address Numbers	(list below)
Personal Fax Number	Current Medications	
Personal Email	Previous Medical	
Address	Records	
Emergency Contact	Race/Ethnicity	
Information (Name, Phone	Tax Identification	
Number, etc. of a different	Number	
individual)	Medical Record	
Financial Account	Number	
Information	Gender	

School Name, School Mailing Address, Program Information (Name of Program and the Start/End date), Term date(s) (Start/End date), Graduation Date, Termination Date, Monetary Amount Allocated for Education, Monthly Housing Allotments Payment Amounts (Paid & Future), T&F Payment Amounts (Paid & Future), Benefit Entitlement (Used/Remaining), Employment Date, Annual Salary, Job Title, Name of Employer, VA Employee User ID.

# **PII Mapping of Components**

Veteran Rapid Retraining Assistance Program consists of zero key components (databases).

# **PII Mapped to Components**

**Note**: Due to the PIA being a public facing document, please do not include the server names in the table.

#### PII Mapped to Components

Database Name of the information system collecting/storing PII	Does this system collect PII? (Yes/No)	Does this system store PII? (Yes/No)	Type of PII (SSN, DOB, etc.)	Reason for Collection/ Storage of PII	Safeguards
N/A					

# 1.2 What are the sources of the information in the system?

List the individual, entity, or entities providing the specific information identified above. For example, is the information collected directly from the individual as part of an application for a benefit, or is it collected from other sources such as commercial data aggregators?

Describe why information from sources other than the individual is required. For example, if a program's system is using data from a commercial aggregator of information or data taken from public Web sites, state the fact that this is where the information is coming from and then in question 1.3 indicate why the system is using this source of data.

If the system creates information (for example, a score, analysis, or report), list the system as a source of information.

This question is related to privacy controls DI-1, Data Quality, and IP-1, Consent.

The primary source of information is from the VRRAP applications received digitally via <a href="VETS.gov">VETS.gov</a> and stored in The Image Management System (TIMS) system. This is then matched with the Salesforce Contact Object in other VBA application to check for accuracy of the information provided by the Veteran/ applicant.

#### 1.3 How is the information collected?

This question is directed at the means of collection from the sources listed in question 1.2. Information may be collected directly from an individual, received via electronic transmission from another system, or created by the system itself. Specifically, is information collected through technologies or other technology used in the storage or transmission of information in identifiable form?

If the information is collected on a form and is subject to the Paperwork Reduction Act, give the form's OMB control number and the agency form number.

This question is related to privacy controls DI-1, Data Quality, and IP-1, Consent.

The Veterans apply for the Program benefit through VETS.gov and stored in the TIMS application. Each of the applicants vetted to be enrolled in the program benefits are then tracked by the VRRAP tool.

# 1.4 How will the information be checked for accuracy? How often will it be checked?

Discuss whether and how often information stored in the system is checked for accuracy. Is information in the system checked against any other source of information (within or outside your organization) before the information is used to make decisions about an individual? For example, is there a computer matching agreement in place with another government agency? For systems that receive data from internal data sources or VA IT systems, describe the system checks to ensure that data corruption has not occurred during transmission.

If the system checks for accuracy by accessing a commercial aggregator of information, describe this process and the levels of accuracy required by the contract.

This question is related to privacy controls DI-1, Data Quality, and DI-2, Data Integrity and Integrity Board.

Information is checked for accuracy with each application submitted to VRRAP. The information is checked for accuracy with the tool mentioned in section 1.2. The SSN is used to match as the contact object to match the applicant's name in the VBA registry.

# 1.5 What specific legal authorities, arrangements, and agreements defined the collection of information?

List the full legal authority for operating the system, specifically the authority to collect the information listed in question 1.1. Provide the authorities in a manner understandable to any potential reader, i.e., do not simply provide a legal citation; use statute names or regulations in addition to citations. Legal authorities include Federal laws, regulations, statutes, and Executive Orders.

This question is related to privacy control AP-1, Authority to Collect

The Privacy Act of 1974, as amended, 5 U.S.C. § 552a, establishes a code of fair information practices that governs the collection, maintenance, use, and dissemination of information about individuals that is maintained in systems of records by federal agencies. The authority of maintenance of the system listed in question 1.1 falls under Title 10 U.S.C. chapters 106a, 510, 1606 and 1607 and title 38, U.S.C., § 501(a) and Chapters 3, 11, 13, 15, 18, 19, 21, 23, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 39, 51, 53, 55 and 77. Title 5 U.S.C. 5514.

# 1.6 PRIVACY IMPACT ASSESSMENT: Characterization of the information

Consider the specific data elements collected and discuss the potential privacy risks and what steps, if any are currently being taken to mitigate those identified risks.

Consider the following Fair Information Practice Principles (FIPPs) when assessing the risk to individual privacy:

<u>Principle of Purpose Specification:</u> Explain how the collection ties with the purpose of the underlying mission of the organization and its enabling authority.

<u>Principle of Minimization:</u> Is the information directly relevant and necessary to accomplish the specific purposes of the program?

<u>Principle of Individual Participation:</u> Does the program, to the extent possible and practical, collect information directly from the individual?

<u>Principle of Data Quality and Integrity:</u> Are there policies and procedures for VA to ensure that personally identifiable information is accurate, complete, and current? This question is related to privacy control AR-1, Governance and Privacy Program, and AR-2, Privacy Impact and Risk Assessment.

Follow the format below when entering your risk assessment:

<u>Privacy Risk:</u> the information of the veterans such as name, contact number, address, SSN, college program is at the risk of exposure. VRRAP tracks the data to facilitate the veterans in retraining and future employment throughout the program.

<u>Mitigation:</u> The information is only available for VA employees working with the VRRAP tool. This is based on the role-based hierarchy that is followed by Salesforce.

## Section 2. Uses of the Information

The following questions are intended to clearly delineate the use of information and the accuracy of the data being used.

# 2.1 Describe how the information in the system will be used in support of the program's business purpose.

Identify and list each use (both internal and external to VA) of the information collected or maintained.

This question is related to privacy control AP-2, Purpose Specification.

VRRAP collects information of Veterans data listed below

• First, Middle and Last Name: Used as an identifier

- Telephone Number: used as an identifier and to contact the applicant
- Email: used as an alternative for contacting the applicant
- Mailing Address: used as an identifier also for contacting the applicant on any changes updated to the tool.
- School Name: to track the application of the applicant
- School Mailing Address: to track and validate the application of the applicant
- Program Information (Name of Program and the Start/End date): to facilitate the payment limits to each veteran engaged in the program.
- Term date(s) (Start/End date): to monitor the progress of the applicant
- Graduation Date: facilitate the amount and payment period to each applicant.
- Termination Date: facilitated the amount and payment period to each applicant.
- Monetary Amount Allocated for Education: to track the programs ability to fund each applicant.
- Monthly Housing Allotments Payment Amounts (Paid & Future): to track the programs ability to fund each applicant.
- T&F Payment Amounts (Paid & Future): to track the programs ability to fund each applicant.
- Benefit Entitlement (Used/Remaining): to track the maximum benefit period of 12 months for each veteran.
- Employment Date: to establish the start date of Veteran for the benefit enrollment. (180 days)
- Annual Salary: for reporting purpose.
- Job Title: verify the high demand occupation of the applicant
- Name of Employer: verify the employer is legit.
- Social Security Number: verify the Veteran information.

VA Employee user ID: used to login to the portal and monitor records of the applicant.

## 2.2 What types of tools are used to analyze data and what type of data may be produced?

Many systems sift through large amounts of information in response to a user inquiry or programmed functions. Systems may help identify areas that were previously not obvious and need additional research by agents, analysts, or other employees. Some systems perform complex analytical tasks resulting in, among other types of data, matching, relational analysis, scoring, reporting, or pattern analysis. Describe any type of analysis the system conducts and the data that is created from the analysis.

If the system creates or makes available new or previously unutilized information about an individual, explain what will be done with the newly derived information. Will it be placed in the individual's existing record? Will a new record be created? Will any action be taken against or for the individual identified because of the newly derived data? If a new record is created, will the newly created information be accessible to Government employees who make determinations about the individual? If so, explain fully under which circumstances and by whom that information will be used.

This question is related to privacy controls DI-1, Data Quality, DI-2, Data Integrity and Integrity Board, and SE-1, Inventory of Personally Identifiable Information

Salesforce Gov Cloud is used to track the data in the system. VA employees can login into the VRRAP tool using the unique user ID and password. The VA employees will be able to track and update the progress of the applicant throughout the program life cycle. It will also aid as a tool to inform the Veterans on any additional program benefits.

# 2.3 How is the information in the system secured?

- 2.3a What measures are in place to protect data in transit and at rest?
- 2.3b If the system is collecting, processing, or retaining Social Security Numbers, are there additional protections in place to protect SSNs?
  - 2.3c How is PII/PHI safeguarded in accordance with OMB Memorandum M-06-15?

This question is related to security and privacy controls SC-9, Transmission Confidentiality, and SC-28, Protection of Information at Rest

VRRAP system (Salesforce) is an encrypted secure system. Data in transit are protected by HTTPS site-to-site encryption. PII data are encrypted at rest with Salesforce Shield encryption. SSN is PII data, encrypted at rest with Salesforce Shield encryption.

2.4 PRIVACY IMPACT ASSESSMENT: Use of the information. How is access to the PII determined? Are criteria, procedures, controls, and responsibilities regarding access documented? Does access require manager approval? Is access to the PII being monitored, tracked, or recorded? Who is responsible for assuring safeguards for the PII?

Describe any types of controls that may be in place to ensure that information is handled in accordance with the uses described above. Example: Describe if training for users of the project covers how to appropriately use information. Describe the disciplinary programs or system controls (i.e. denial of access) that are in place if an individual is inappropriately using the information.

Consider the following FIPPs below to assist in providing a response:

<u>Principle of Transparency:</u> Is the PIA and SORN, if applicable, clear about the uses of the information?

<u>Principle of Use Limitation:</u> Is the use of information contained in the system relevant to the mission of the project?

This question is related to privacy control AR-4, Privacy Monitoring and Auditing, AR-5, Privacy Awareness and Training, and SE-2, Privacy Incident response.

VA employees accessing the tool is through PIV Single Sign On (SSO). Managerial approval grants access to only specific VA employees to the VRRAP tool.

# Section 3. Retention of Information

The following questions are intended to outline how long information will be retained after the initial collection.

#### 3.1 What information is retained?

Identify and list all information collected from question 1.1 that is retained by the system. This question is related to privacy controls DM-1, Minimization of Personally Identifiable Information, and DM-2, Data Retention and Disposal

VRRAP salesforce tool retains information of Veterans such as:

First, Middle and Last Name, Telephone Number, Email, Mailing Address, School Name, School Mailing Address, Program Information (Name of Program and the Start/End date, Term date(s) (Start/End date), Graduation Date, Termination Date, Monetary Amount Allocated for Education, Monthly Housing Allotments Payment Amounts (Paid & Future), T&F Payment Amounts (Paid & Future), Benefit Entitlement (Used/Remaining), Employment Date, Annual Salary, Job Title, Name of Employer, Social Security Number.

The tool retains information of the VA Employee user ID which is used for login in the system.

# 3.2 How long is information retained?

In some cases VA may choose to retain files in active status and archive them after a certain period of time. State active file retention periods, as well as archived records, in number of years, for the information and record types. For example, financial data held within your system may have a different retention period than medical records or education records held within your system, please be sure to list each of these retention periods. If the system is using cloud technology, will it be following the NARA approved retention length and schedule?

The VA records officer should be consulted early in the development process to ensure that appropriate retention and destruction schedules are implemented. This question is related to privacy control DM-2, Data Retention and Disposal.

The information is retained following the policies and schedules of VA's Records management Service and NARA in "Department of Veterans Affairs Records Control Schedule 10-1". Record Control Schedule 10-1 can be found at the following link: <a href="https://www.va.gov/vhapublications/RCS10/rcs10-1.pdf">https://www.va.gov/vhapublications/RCS10/rcs10-1.pdf</a>

Education file folders in paper are retained at the servicing Regional Processing Office. Education paper folders may be destroyed in accordance with the times set forth in the VBA

Records Management, Records Control Schedule VB–1, Part 1, Section VII, as authorized by NARA.

Veteran Benefits, Item Number 1180.17 suggest the disposition instruction to be Permanent. Cutoff after receipt of last relevant correspondence. Transfer to NARA 50 years after cutoff. Disposition Authority N1-15-06-2, item 18.

3.3 Has the retention schedule been approved by the VA records office and the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA)? If so please indicate the name of the records retention schedule.

An approved records schedule must be obtained for any IT system that allows the retrieval of a record via a personal identifier. The VA records officer will assist in providing a proposed schedule. The schedule must be formally offered to NARA for official approval. Once NARA approves the proposed schedule, the VA records officer will notify the system owner. This question is related to privacy control DM-2, Data Retention and Disposal.

The retention schedule for the Salesforce Development Platform (SFDP) also applied VRRAP module.

SFDP complies with all VA retention and disposal procedures specified in VA Handbook 6300 and VA Directive 6300. Records contained in the Salesforce FedRAMP cloud will be retained as long as the information is needed in accordance with a NARA-approved retention period. VA manages Federal records in accordance with NARA statues including the Federal Records Act (44 U.S.C. Chapters 21, 29, 31, 33) and NARA regulations (36 CFR Chapter XII Subchapter B). SFDP records are retained according to Record Control Schedule 10-1 Section 4. (Disposition of Records) (https://www.va.gov/vhapublications/RCS10/rcs10-1.pdf).

SFDP completes a 90-day retention cycle of all data including deletion. Active Data stays on disk until the data is deleted or changed. Customer-deleted data is temporarily available (15 days) from the Recycle Bin. Backups are rotated every 90 days, therefore changed or deleted data older than 90 days is unrecoverable. VA can export the data stored on the SFDP and retain it locally in order to meet VA/NARA retention requirements.

All data upon completion or termination of a contract will be turned over to VA and disposed of as soon as notice of the termination or completion is given.

## 3.4 What are the procedures for the elimination of SPI?

Explain how records are destroyed or eliminated at the end of the retention period. Please give the details of the process. For example, are paper records shredded on site, or by a shredding company and accompanied by a certificate of destruction, etc?

This question is related to privacy control DM-2, Data Retention and Disposal

Paper records submission are shredded at the end of year on site after it is multilayered quality control and validation program to be updated in TIMS/ VBMS eFolder for digital records. VRRAP tool adheres to the VA RC Schedule 10-1. All electronic storage media used to store, process, or access records will be disposed of in adherence with the VA Directive 6500.

# 3.5 Does the system, where feasible, use techniques to minimize the risk to privacy by using PII for research, testing, or training?

Organizations often use PII for testing new applications or information systems prior to deployment. Organizations also use PII for research purposes and for training. These uses of PII increase the risks associated with the unauthorized disclosure or misuse of the information. Please explain what controls have been implemented to protect PII used for testing, training and research. Have policies and procedures been developed to minimize the use of PII for testing, training, and research? This question is related to privacy control DM-3, Minimization of PII Used in Testing, Training and Research

VRRAP does not use PII information of the veterans for research, testing or training.

# 3.6 PRIVACY IMPACT ASSESSMENT: Retention of information

Discuss the risks associated with the length of time data is retained and what steps, if any, are currently being taken to mitigate those identified risks.

While we understand that establishing retention periods for records is a formal process, there are policy considerations behind how long a project keeps information. The longer a project retains information, the longer it needs to secure the information and assure its accuracy and integrity. The proposed schedule should match the requirements of the Privacy Act to keep the minimum amount of PII for the minimum amount of time, while meeting the Federal Records Act. The schedule should align with the stated purpose and mission of the system.

Consider the following FIPPs below to assist in providing a response:

<u>Principle of Minimization:</u> Does the project retain only the information necessary for its purpose? Is the PII retained only for as long as necessary and relevant to fulfill the specified purposes?

<u>Principle of Data Quality and Integrity:</u> Has the PIA described policies and procedures for how PII that is no longer relevant and necessary is purged?

This question is related to privacy controls DM-1, Minimization of Personally Identifiable Information, and DM-2, Data Retention and Disposal.

Follow the format below:

<u>Privacy Risk:</u> The retention risk pertains to the PII information of the individuals being at risk of exposure. There is a risk that unauthorized personnel will attempt to access the data without permission.

<u>Mitigation:</u> To mitigate the risk posed by information retention, VRRAP tool adheres to the VA RC Schedule 10-1. All electronic storage media used to store, process, or access records will be disposed of in adherence with the VA Directive 6500.

# Section 4. Internal Sharing/Receiving/Transmitting and Disclosure

The following questions are intended to define the scope of information sharing/receiving/transmitting within VA.

4.1 With which internal organizations is information shared/received/transmitted? What information is shared/received/transmitted, and for what purpose? How is the information transmitted?

NOTE: Question 3.9 (second table) on Privacy Threshold Analysis should be used to answer this question.

Identify and list the names of any program offices, contractor-supported IT systems, and any other organization or IT system within VA with which information is shared.

State the purpose for the internal sharing. If you have specific authority to share the information, provide a citation to the authority.

For each interface with a system outside your program office, state what specific data elements (PII/PHI) are shared with the specific program office, contractor-supported IT system, and any other organization or IT system within VA.

Describe how the information is transmitted. For example, is the information transmitted electronically, by paper, or by some other means? Is the information shared in bulk, on a case-by-case basis, or does the sharing partner have direct access to the information? This question is related to privacy controls AP-2, Purpose Specification, AR-3, Privacy Requirements for Contractors and Service Providers, AR-8, Accounting of Disclosures, TR-1, Privacy Notice, and UL-1, Internal Use.

List the Program Office or IT System information is shared/received with	List the purpose of the information being shared /received with the specified program office or IT system	List the specific PII/PHI data elements that are processed (shared/received/transmitted) with the Program Office or IT system	Describe the method of transmittal
N/A			

# 4.2 PRIVACY IMPACT ASSESSMENT: Internal sharing and disclosure

Discuss the privacy risks associated with the sharing of information within the Department and what steps, if any, are currently being taken to mitigate those identified risks.

This question is related to privacy control UL-1, Internal Use.

Follow the format below:

**Privacy Risk:** N/A.

Mitigation: N/A.

# Section 5. External Sharing/Receiving and Disclosure

The following questions are intended to define the content, scope, and authority for information sharing external to VA, which includes Federal, State, and local governments, and the private sector.

5.1 With which external organizations (outside VA) is information shared/received? What information is shared/received, and for what purpose? How is the information transmitted and what measures are taken to ensure it is secure?

Is the sharing of information outside the agency compatible with the original collection? If so, is it covered by an appropriate routine use in a SORN? If not, please describe under what legal mechanism the IT system is allowed to share the information in identifiable form or personally identifiable information outside of VA.

NOTE: Question 3.10 on Privacy Threshold Analysis should be used to answer this question.

Identify and list the names of any Federal, State, or local government agency or private sector organization with which information is shared.

For each interface with a system outside VA, state what specific data elements (PII/PHI) are shared with each specific partner.

What legal mechanisms, authoritative agreements, documentation, or policies are in place detailing the extent of the sharing and the duties of each party? For example, is the sharing of data compatible with your SORN? Then list the SORN and the applicable routine use from the SORN. Is there a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU), Computer Matching Agreement (CMA), or law that mandates the sharing of this information?

Describe how the information is transmitted to entities external to VA and what security measures have been taken to protect it during transmission.

This question is related to privacy control UL-2, Information Sharing with Third Parties

#### Data Shared with External Organizations

List External Program Office or IT System information is shared/received with	List the purpose of information being shared / received / transmitted with the specified program office or IT system	List the specific PII/PHI data elements that are processed (shared/received/transmitted)with the Program or IT system	List the legal authority, binding agreement, SORN routine use, etc. that permit external sharing (can be more than one)	List the method of transmission and the measures in place to secure data
N/A				

## 5.2 PRIVACY IMPACT ASSESSMENT: External sharing and disclosure

Discuss the privacy risks associated with the sharing of information outside the Department and what steps, if any, are currently being taken to mitigate those identified risks.

Discuss whether access controls have been implemented and whether audit logs are regularly reviewed to ensure appropriate sharing outside of the Department. For example, is there a Memorandum Of Understanding (MOU), contract, or agreement in place with outside agencies or foreign governments.

Discuss how the sharing of information outside of the Department is compatible with the stated purpose and use of the original collection.

This question is related to privacy control AR-2, Privacy Impact and Risk Assessment, AR-3, Privacy Requirements for Contractors and Service Providers, and AR-4, Privacy Monitoring and Auditing

Follow the format below:

**Privacy Risk:** Not applicable.

**<u>Mitigation:</u>** Not applicable for the system.

# **Section 6. Notice**

The following questions are directed at providing notice to the individual of the scope of information collected, the right to consent to uses of the information, and the right to decline to provide information.

6.1 Was notice provided to the individual before collection of the information? If yes, please provide a copy of the notice as an appendix. (A notice may include a posted privacy policy, a Privacy Act notice on forms, or a system of records notice published in the Federal Register.) If notice was not provided, why not?

This question is directed at the notice provided before collection of the information. This refers to whether the person is aware that his or her information is going to be collected. A notice may include a posted privacy policy, a Privacy Act statement on forms, or a SORN published in the Federal Register. If notice was provided in the Federal Register, provide the citation.

If notice was not provided, explain why. If it was provided, attach a copy of the current notice.

Describe how the notice provided for the collection of information is adequate to inform those affected by the system that their information has been collected and is being used appropriately. Provide information on any notice provided on forms or on Web sites associated with the collection. This question is related to privacy control TR-1, Privacy Notice, and TR-2, System of Records Notices and Privacy Act Statements, and TR-3, Dissemination of Privacy Program Information.

The SORNs defines the information collected from VA employees, use of the information, and how the information is accessed and stored.

Compensation, Pension, Education, and Vocational Rehabilitation and Employment Records—VA. (https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pkg/FR-2019-02-14/pdf/2019-02315.pdf) 58VA21/22/28.

6.2 Do individuals have the opportunity and right to decline to provide information? If so, is a penalty or denial of service attached?

This question is directed at whether the person from or about whom information is collected can decline to provide the information and if so, whether a penalty or denial of service is attached. This question is related to privacy control IP-1, Consent, IP-2, Individual Access, and IP-3, Redress

No, the Veteran cannot decline the PII information. If they do deny the services of VRRAP and Program benefits will not be available for the individual.

# 6.3 Do individuals have the right to consent to particular uses of the information? If so, how does the individual exercise the right?

This question is directed at whether an individual may provide consent for specific uses or the consent is given to cover all uses (current or potential) of his or her information. If specific consent is required, how would the individual consent to each use? This question is related to privacy control IP-1, Consent

The individual Veteran consent to the use of PII information when they apply to the program.

## **6.4 PRIVACY IMPACT ASSESSMENT: Notice**

Describe the potential risks associated with potentially insufficient notice and what steps, if any, are currently being taken to mitigate those identified risks.

Consider the following FIPPs below to assist in providing a response:

Principle of Transparency: Has sufficient notice been provided to the individual?

<u>Principle of Use Limitation:</u> Is the information used only for the purpose for which notice was provided either directly to the individual or through a public notice? What procedures are in place to ensure that information is used only for the purpose articulated in the notice? This question is related to privacy control TR-1, Privacy Notice, AR-2, Privacy Impact and Risk Assessment, and UL-1, Internal Use

Follow the format below:

<u>Privacy Risk:</u> The risk is the PII information of the veterans can be at risk of exposure if they are not aware at the time of application.

<u>Mitigation:</u> The information is only accessed by VA employees through PIV SSO to the VRRAP portal.

# Section 7. Access, Redress, and Correction

The following questions are directed at an individual's ability to ensure the accuracy of the information collected about him or her.

7.1 What are the procedures that allow individuals to gain access to their information?

Cite any procedures or regulations your program has in place that allow access to information. These procedures, at a minimum, should include the agency's FOIA/Privacy Act practices, but may also include additional access provisions. For example, if your program has a customer satisfaction unit, that information, along with phone and email contact information, should be listed in this section in addition to the agency's procedures. See 5 CFR 294 and the VA FOIA Web page at http://www.foia.va.gov/ to obtain information about FOIA points of contact and information about agency FOIA processes.

If the system is exempt from the access provisions of the Privacy Act, please explain the basis for the exemption or cite the source where this explanation may be found, for example, a Final Rule published in the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR).

If the system is not a Privacy Act system, please explain what procedures and regulations are in place that covers an individual gaining access to his or her information.

This question is related to privacy control IP-2, Individual Access, and AR-8, Accounting of Disclosures.

Veteran can request the information being tracked by the tools by requesting to the call center/letters through mail. Paper copies of the application is then mailed to the Veterans address retained in the system.

# 7.2 What are the procedures for correcting inaccurate or erroneous information?

Describe the procedures and provide contact information for the appropriate person to whom such issues should be addressed. If the correction procedures are the same as those given in question 7.1, state as much.

This question is related to privacy control IP-3, Redress, and IP-4, Complaint Management.

VA employees who have access to the tool can self-correct or edit the erroneous or incorrect information received from the Veterans or school. Veteran Specific information regarding the Contact Object cannot be altered.

## 7.3 How are individuals notified of the procedures for correcting their information?

How are individuals made aware of the procedures for correcting his or her information? This may be through notice at collection or other similar means. This question is meant to address the risk that even if procedures exist to correct information, if an individual is not made fully aware of the existence of those procedures, then the benefits of the procedures are significantly weakened. This question is related to privacy control IP-3, Redress, and IP-4, Complaint Management.

Award letter is mailed to individual Veterans with corrected information on their application.

# 7.4 If no formal redress is provided, what alternatives are available to the individual?

Redress is the process by which an individual gains access to his or her records and seeks corrections or amendments to those records. Redress may be provided through the Privacy Act and Freedom of Information Act (FOIA), and also by other processes specific to a program, system, or group of systems.

This question is related to privacy control IP-3, Redress, and IP-4, Complaint Management.

Example: Some projects allow users to directly access and correct/update their information online. This helps ensures data accuracy.

An applicant can alternatively submit requests to the FOIA/ Privacy Act Officer at the VA Regional Office serving the individual's jurisdiction. Address locations for the nearest VA Regional Office are listed at <u>VA Locations Link</u>. Any individuals who have questions about access to records may also call 1–800–327–1000.

## 7.5 PRIVACY IMPACT ASSESSMENT: Access, redress, and correction

Discuss what risks there currently are related to the Department's access, redress, and correction policies and procedures for this system and what, if any, steps have been taken to mitigate those risks. For example, if a project does not allow individual access, the risk of inaccurate data needs to be discussed in light of the purpose of the project. For example, providing access to ongoing law enforcement activities could negatively impact the program's effectiveness because the individuals involved might change their behavior.

Consider the following FIPPs below to assist in providing a response:

<u>Principle of Individual Participation:</u> Is the individual provided with the ability to find out whether a project maintains a record relating to him?

<u>Principle of Individual Participation:</u> If access and/or correction is denied, then is the individual provided notice as to why the denial was made and how to challenge such a denial?

<u>Principle of Individual Participation:</u> Is there a mechanism by which an individual is able to prevent information about him obtained for one purpose from being used for other purposes without his knowledge?

This question is related to privacy control IP-3, Redress.

## Follow the format below:

<u>Privacy Risk:</u> The risk is of inaccurate data being captured by the VA employees in the Salesforce VRAAP. This tool is used to store the information of the applicant based on temporary benefits usage. As per FIPS 199 security categorization, the information being tracked by the tool has limited adverse effect on agency operations, assets, or individuals.

<u>Mitigation:</u> The erroneous information is self-corrected by VA employees when identified locally or when the Veteran/ applicant contacts the Regional Processing Office. The individual/ Veteran is informed on the corrected change on the VRRAP tool through a letter mailed to the Veteran address on file.

# **Section 8. Technical Access and Security**

The following questions are intended to describe technical safeguards and security measures.

# 8.1 What procedures are in place to determine which users may access the system, and are they documented?

Describe the process by which an individual receives access to the system.

Identify users from other agencies who may have access to the system and under what roles these individuals have access to the system. Who establishes the criteria for what PII can be shared?

Describe the different roles in general terms that have been created to provide access to the system. For example, certain users may have "read-only" access while others may be permitted to make certain amendments or changes to the information.

This question is related to privacy control AR-7, Privacy-Enhanced System Design and Development.

Managerial approval is required for all VA employees accessing the VRRAP Portal.

8.2 Will VA contractors have access to the system and the PII? If yes, what involvement will contractors have with the design and maintenance of the system? Has a contractor confidentiality agreement, Business Associate Agreement (BAA), or a Non-Disclosure Agreement (NDA) been developed for contractors who work on the system?

If so, how frequently are contracts reviewed and by whom? Describe the necessity of the access provided to contractors to the system and whether clearance is required. If Privacy Roles and Responsibilities have been established to restrict certain users to different access levels, please describe the roles and associated access levels. Explain the need for VA contractors to have access to the PII.

This question is related to privacy control AR-3, Privacy Requirements for Contractors and Service Providers.

No, the tool is only tailored for VA Employees at the Muskogee Regional Processing Office. Contractors do not have access to the VRRAP tool.

# 8.3 Describe what privacy training is provided to users either generally or specifically relevant to the program or system?

VA offers privacy and security training. Each program or system may offer training specific to the program or system that touches on information handling procedures and sensitivity of information. Please describe how individuals who have access to PII are trained to handle it appropriately. This question is related to privacy control AR-5, Privacy Awareness and Training.

General Privacy Training includes: VA Privacy Rules of Behavior, Privacy awareness training, and VA on-boarding enterprise-wide training.

# 8.4 Has Authorization and Accreditation (A&A) been completed for the system?

*If Yes, provide:* 

- 1. The Security Plan Status,
- 2. The Security Plan Status Date,
- 3. The Authorization Status,
- 4. The Authorization Date,
- 5. The Authorization Termination Date,
- 6. The Risk Review Completion Date,
- 7. The FIPS 199 classification of the system (LOW/MODERATE/HIGH).

Please note that all systems containing SPI are categorized at a minimum level of "moderate" under Federal Information Processing Standards Publication 199.

If No or In Process, provide your **Initial Operating Capability (IOC) date.** 

The Security Plan Status: Approved

The Security Plan Status Date: 02/24/2021

The Authorization Status: ATO

The Authorization Date: 03/18/2021

The Authorization Termination Date: 12/17/2023 The Risk Review Completion Date: 03/12/2021

The FIPS 199 classification of the system – Moderate (Moderate/ Moderate/ Moderate – C/I/A)

# **Section 9 - Technology Usage**

The following questions are used to identify the technologies being used by the IT system or project.

# 9.1 Does the system use cloud technology? If so, what cloud model is being utilized?

If so, Does the system have a FedRAMP provisional or agency authorization? If the system does use cloud technology, but does not have FedRAMP authorization, explain how the Cloud Service Provider (CSP) solution was assessed and what FedRAMP documents and processes were used for the assessment in order to comply with VA Handbook 6517. Types of cloud models include: Software as a Service (SaaS), Infrastructure as a Service (IaaS), Platform as a Service (PaaS), Commercial off the Shelf (COTS).

This question is related to privacy control UL-1, Information Sharing with Third Parties.

Note: For systems utilizing the VA Enterprise Cloud (VAEC), no further responses are required after 9.1.

Yes, VRRAP system utilizes Salesforce Gov Cloud. Under the contract: "Salesforce Subscription Licenses, Maintenance and Support", Contract Number: NNG15SD27B. This software utilizes the PaaS Service of Salesforce Gov Cloud.

9.2 Does the contract with the Cloud Service Provider, Contractors and VA customers establish who has ownership rights over data including PII? (Provide contract number and supporting information about PII/PHI from the contract)

This question is related to privacy control AR-3, Privacy Requirements for Contractors and Service Providers.

Yes, VA has full ownership of the PII that will be used by VRRAP platform. Contract agreement "Salesforce Subscription Licenses, Maintenance and Support", Contract Number: NNG15SD27B.

9.3 Will the CSP collect any ancillary data and if so, who has ownership over the ancillary data?

Per NIST 800-144, cloud providers hold significant details about the accounts of cloud consumers that could be compromised and used in subsequent attacks. Ancillary data also involves information the cloud provider collects or produces about customer-related activity in the cloud. It includes data collected to meter and charge for consumption of resources, logs and audit trails, and other such metadata that is generated and accumulated within the cloud environment.

This question is related to privacy control DI-1, Data Quality.

No ancillary data is being collected by this tool.

9.4 NIST 800-144 states, "Organizations are ultimately accountable for the security and privacy of data held by a cloud provider on their behalf." Is this principle described in contracts with customers? Why or why not?

What are the roles and responsibilities involved between the organization and cloud provider, particularly with respect to managing risks and ensuring organizational requirements are met?

This question is related to privacy control AR-3, Privacy Requirements for Contractors and Service Providers.

Yes, as VA is utilizing Salesforce Gov Cloud Plus. Information is only shared internally.

9.5 If the system is utilizing Robotics Process Automation (RPA), please describe the role of the bots.

Robotic Process Automation is the use of software scripts to perform tasks as an automated process that executes in parallel with or in place of human input. For example, will the automation move or touch PII/PHI information. RPA may also be referred to as "Bots" or Artificial Intelligence (AI).

VRRAP does not utilize RPA.

# **Section 10. References**

# Summary of Privacy Controls by Family

Summary of Privacy Controls by Family

ID	Privacy Controls	
AP	Authority and Purpose	
AP-1	Authority to Collect	
AP-2	Purpose Specification	
AR	Accountability, Audit, and Risk Management	
AR-1	Governance and Privacy Program	
AR-2	Privacy Impact and Risk Assessment	
AR-3	Privacy Requirements for Contractors and Service Providers	
AR-4	Privacy Monitoring and Auditing	
AR-5	Privacy Awareness and Training	
AR-7	Privacy-Enhanced System Design and Development	
AR-8	Accounting of Disclosures	
DI	Data Quality and Integrity	
DI-1	Data Quality	
DI-2	Data Integrity and Data Integrity Board	
DM	Data Minimization and Retention	
DM-1	Minimization of Personally Identifiable Information	
DM-2	Data Retention and Disposal	
DM-3	Minimization of PII Used in Testing, Training, and Research	
IP	Individual Participation and Redress	
IP-1	Consent	
IP-2	Individual Access	
IP-3	Redress	
IP-4	Complaint Management	
SE	Security	
SE-1	Inventory of Personally Identifiable Information	
SE-2	Privacy Incident Response	
TR	Transparency	
TR-1	Privacy Notice	
TR-2	System of Records Notices and Privacy Act Statements	
TR-3	Dissemination of Privacy Program Information	
UL	Use Limitation	

ID	Privacy Controls
UL-1	Internal Use
UL-2	Information Sharing with Third Parties

Signature of Responsible Officials
The individuals below attest that the information provided in this Privacy Impac Assessment is true and accurate.
Privacy Officer, Rita Grewal
Information Systems Security Officer, James Boring
System Owner, Michael Domanski

# **APPENDIX A-6.1**

Please provide a link to the notice or verbiage referred to in Section 6 (a notice may include a posted privacy policy, a Privacy Act notice on forms).

OPRM website for SORN: <a href="https://www.oprm.va.gov/privacy/systems\_of\_records.aspx">https://www.oprm.va.gov/privacy/systems\_of\_records.aspx</a>

Record Schedule 10-1: https://www.va.gov/vhapublications/RCS10/rcs10-1.pdf

NARA website link

VA Regional Office list - <u>VA Locations Link</u>

VETS.gov

Version Date: October 1, 2021

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