Privacy Impact Assessment for the VA IT System called:

Veterans Administration Choice (VAC)
Financial Services Center (FSC) Veterans Administration (VA)

VACO

Date PIA submitted for review:
3 May 2022

System Contacts:

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<tr>
<th>Role</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>E-mail</th>
<th>Phone Number</th>
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<tbody>
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Abstract

The abstract provides the simplest explanation for “what does the system do?” and will be published online to accompany the PIA link.

Veterans Administration Choice (VAC) resides at the AITC Data Center and the program office is in the Financial Healthcare Service, Medical Claims Division. VAC provides an automated medical claims processing system from receipt of medical claims documents through claims payment including the appropriate accounting transaction.

Overview

The overview is the most important section of the PIA. A thorough and clear overview gives the reader the appropriate context to understand the responses in the PIA. The overview should contain the following elements:

- The IT system name and the name of the program office that owns the IT system.
- The business purpose of the program, IT system, or technology and how it relates to the program office and agency mission.
- Indicate the ownership or control of the IT system or project.
- The expected number of individuals whose information is stored in the system and a brief description of the typical client or affected individual.
- A general description of the information in the IT system and the purpose for collecting this information.
- Any information sharing conducted by the IT system. A general description of the modules and subsystems, where relevant, and their functions.
- Whether the system is operated in more than one site, and if so, a description of how use of the system and PII is maintained consistently in all sites and if the same controls are used across sites.
- A citation of the legal authority to operate the IT system.
- Whether the completion of this PIA will result in circumstances that require changes to business processes.
- Whether the completion of this PIA could potentially result in technology changes.
- If the system is in the process of being modified and a SORN exists, will the SORN require amendment or revision and approval? If the system is using cloud technology, does the SORN for the system cover cloud usage or storage?

Veterans Administration Choice (VAC) application resides at AITC Data Center and the program office is in the Financial Healthcare Service, Medical Claims Division. VAC is one of the applications listed under the Healthcare Claims Processing System (HCPS) authority to operate (ATO) dated 01 February 2022. VAC provides an automated medical claims processing system from receipt of medical claims documents through claims payment including the appropriate accounting transaction. The VA Choice program provides healthcare benefits for Veterans who meet one or more of the following criteria: are located more than 40 miles from a VA healthcare facility, are in need of a specialist not available at nearby VA healthcare facility or are not able to obtain a medical appointment within 30 days at a nearby VA healthcare facility. The VA’s
Office of Community Care (OCC) works with approved third-party administrators (TPAs) to facilitate care for these Veterans and coordinates appointments with non-VA providers utilizing Patient Centered Community Care (PC3) referrals to ensure quality care is provided. Contracted administrators use approved processes to provide Veteran Choice care and to provide authorization information to the VA. The Plexis Claims Manager (PCM) automatically validates the invoice data against the data on the PC3 Contractor Authorization List (PCAL) Excel spreadsheet, which is updated weekly, to the Financial Services Center on PC3 Authorized Contract Providers, from the TPA Portal to process the invoice. The data validated by PCM includes patient’s social security number, the medical services provided, and the pre-authorization from the PC3 workflow in Computerized Patient Record System (CPRS). The Veterans Choice System is one of several programs through which a Veteran can receive care from a community provider, paid for by Veterans Administration. The system processes medical claims as well as update and access member and authorization information.

Personally Identifiable Information (PII) and Personal Health Information (PHI) Healthcare data is shared with Veterans Healthcare Administration Office of Community Care (VHA/OCC). CCNNC uses internal procedures to share information with VHA/OCC.

The citation of legal authority: Title 38, United States Code, Section 1703 provides for hospital care and medical services in non-VA Department facilities; Section 1724 provides hospital care, medical services and nursing home care abroad; Section 1725 provides for reimbursement for emergency treatment; Section 1728 provides usual and customary reimbursement of hospital care or medical services of emergency treatment paid for by the Veteran; Section 1781 provides medical care for survivors and dependents of certain Veterans; Section 1802 provides for spina bifida medical coverage; Section 1803 provides for health care to a child of a Vietnam Veteran who suffers from spina bifida; and, Section 1813 provides eligible children health care for covered birth defects or any disability that is associated with those birth defects.

1. **23VA10NB3** Non-VA Fee Basis Records – VA
2. **13VA047** Individuals Submitting Invoices – Vouchers for Payment and Accounting Transactional Data – VA

**Section 1. Characterization of the Information**

The following questions are intended to define the scope of the information requested and collected as well as the reasons for its collection as part of the program, IT system, or technology being developed.

1.1 What information is collected, used, disseminated, created, or maintained in the system?

*Identify and list all Sensitive Personal Information (SPI) that is collected and stored in the system, including Individually Identifiable Information (III), Individually Identifiable Health Information (IIHI), Protected Health Information (PHI), and Privacy-Protected Information. For additional information on these information types and definitions, please see VA Directives and Handbooks in the 6500 series (https://va.gov/vapubs/). If the system creates information (for example, a score, analysis, or report), list the information the system is responsible for creating.*

*If a requesting system receives information from another system, such as a response to a background check, describe what information is returned to the requesting system. This question is related to privacy control AP-1, Authority To Collect, and AP-2, Purpose Specification.*
The information selected below must match the information provided in question 2.1 as well as the data elements columns in 4.1 and 5.1.

Please check any information listed below that your system collects, uses, disseminates, creates, or maintains. If additional SPI is collected, used, disseminated, created, or maintained, please list those in the text box below:

- Name
- Social Security Number
- Date of Birth
- Mother’s Maiden Name
- Personal Mailing Address
- Personal Phone Number(s)
- Personal Fax Number
- Personal Email Address
- Emergency Contact Information (Name, Phone Number, etc. of a different individual)
- Financial Account Information
- Health Insurance Beneficiary Numbers Account numbers
- Certificate/License numbers
- Vehicle License Plate Number
- Internet Protocol (IP) Address Numbers
- Current Medications
- Previous Medical Records
- Race/Ethnicity
- Tax Identification Number
- Medical Record Number
- Gender
- Integration Control Number (ICN)
- Military History/Service Connection
- Next of Kin
- Other Unique Identifying Information (list below)

Other Unique Identifying Information:

- Prior medical authorization number and services
- Medical diagnosis codes
- Medical diagnosis
- Dates of treatment
- Physician name and contact information
- Billed and Payable amounts
- Physician National Provider Identifier (NPI)
- Physician Telephone
- Physician Address

**PII Mapping of Components**
Veterans Administration Choice consists of 5 key components (databases). Each component has been analyzed to determine if any elements of that component collect PII. The type of PII collected by Veterans Administration Choice and the reasons for the collection of the PII are in the table below.

PII Mapped to Components

Note: Due to the PIA being a public facing document, please do not include the server names in the table. The first table of 3.9 in the PTA should be used to answer this question.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Database Name of the information system collecting/storing PII</th>
<th>Does this system collect PII? (Yes/No)</th>
<th>Does this system store PII? (Yes/No)</th>
<th>Type of PII (SSN, DOB, etc.)</th>
<th>Reason for Collection/Storage of PII</th>
<th>Safeguards</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PCM_VAChoice_TW</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>• Full Names</td>
<td>Adjudication, Processing and Audits of Medical Claims</td>
<td>Database: Only authorized users have access to the physical database and databases are encrypted to prevent unauthorized modification of the data at rest.</td>
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<td>• personal email addresses</td>
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<td>• social security number</td>
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<td>beneficiary account numbers</td>
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<td>• previous medical record</td>
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<td></td>
<td>• medical diagnosis codes</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| PCM_VAChoice_HN | Yes | Yes | • Full Names  
• Date of Birth  
• personal addresses  
• personal email addresses  
• social security number  
• date of birth  
• personal telephone numbers  
• financial account information  
• emergency contact information  
• healthcare insurance beneficiary account numbers  
• current medications  
• prior medical authorization | Adjudication, Processing and Audits of Medical Claims | Database: Only authorized users have access to the physical database and databases are encrypted to prevent unauthorized modification of the data at rest. |
| Number and services • previous medical record • medical diagnosis codes • Medical diagnosis • Dates of treatment • physician name and contact information • Billed and Payable amounts • Physician Name, • Physician Tax Identification Number • Physician National Provider Identifier (NPI) • Certificate/License Number • Physician Telephone • Physician Address | HC_Payer | Yes | Yes | Full Names • Date of Birth • personal addresses • personal email addresses • social security number • date of birth • personal telephone numbers • financial account information • emergency contact information • healthcare insurance | Adjudication, Processing and Audits of Medical Claims | Database: Only authorized users have access to the physical database and databases are encrypted to prevent unauthorized modification of the data at rest. |
| FscDataDepot | Yes | Yes | beneficiary account numbers  
• current medications  
• prior medical authorization number and services  
• previous medical record  
• medical diagnosis codes  
• Medical diagnosis  
• Dates of treatment  
• physician name and contact information  
• Billed and Payable amounts  
• Physician Name,  
• Physician Tax Identification Number  
• Physician National Provider Identifier (NPI)  
• Certificate/License Number  
• Physician Telephone  
• Physician Address  

Adjudication, Processing and Audits of Medical Claims  

Database: Only authorized users have access to the physical database and databases are encrypted to prevent unauthorized modification of the data at rest.
| DSS Iconic Data Patient Case Manager (PCM) | Yes | Yes | • Full Names  
• Date of Birth  
• personal addresses  
• personal email addresses  
• social security number | Adjudication, Processing and Audits of Medical Claims | Database: Only authorized users have access to the physical database and databases are encrypted to |
| • date of birth          | prevent unauthorized modification of the data at rest. |
| • personal telephone numbers |                                           |
| • financial account information |                                           |
| • emergency contact information |                                           |
| • healthcare insurance beneficiary account numbers |                                           |
| • current medications |                                           |
| • prior medical authorization number and services |                                           |
| • previous medical record |                                           |
| • medical diagnosis codes |                                           |
| • Medical diagnosis |                                           |
| • Dates of treatment |                                           |
| • physician name and contact information |                                           |
| • Billed and Payable amounts |                                           |
| • Physician Name, |                                           |
| • Physician Tax Identification Number |                                           |
| • Physician National Provider Identifier (NPI) |                                           |
| • Certificate/License Number |                                           |
| • Physician Telephone |                                           |
| • Physician Address |                                           |
1.2 What are the sources of the information in the system?

List the individual, entity, or entities providing the specific information identified above. For example, is the information collected directly from the individual as part of an application for a benefit, or is it collected from other sources such as commercial data aggregators?

Describe why information from sources other than the individual is required. For example, if a program’s system is using data from a commercial aggregator of information or data taken from public Web sites, state the fact that this is where the information is coming from and then in question 1.3 indicate why the system is using this source of data.

If the system creates information (for example, a score, analysis, or report), list the system as a source of information.

This question is related to privacy controls DI-1, Data Quality, and IP-1, Consent.

• The system processes medical claims. Information provided by VA files/databases, required information to process medical claims. Explanations of benefits (EOB) are provided to the medical providers for each claim received at the FSC.
• VA files/Databases, including eligibility data from Administrative Data Repository (ADR), provide information to process their program specific medical claims
• At the completion of the claims process, an Explanation of Benefits (EOB) that explains which claims were paid or denied is sent to the patient and to the provider whom submitted the claim.

1.3 How is the information collected?

This question is directed at the means of collection from the sources listed in question 1.2. Information may be collected directly from an individual, received via electronic transmission from another system, or created by the system itself. Specifically, is information collected through technologies or other technologies used in the storage or transmission of information in identifiable form?

If the information is collected on a form and is subject to the Paperwork Reduction Act, give the form’s OMB control number and the agency form number.

This question is related to privacy controls DI-1, Data Quality, and IP-1, Consent.

Most of the information is received via electronic transmission from another system; eligibility data from Administrative Data Repository (ADR).

1.4 How will the information be checked for accuracy? How often will it be checked?
Discuss whether and how often information stored in the system is checked for accuracy. Is information in the system checked against any other source of information (within or outside your organization) before the information is used to make decisions about an individual? For example, is there a computer matching agreement in place with another government agency? For systems that receive data from internal data sources or VA IT systems, describe the system checks to ensure that data corruption has not occurred during transmission.

If the system checks for accuracy by accessing a commercial aggregator of information, describe this process and the levels of accuracy required by the contract.

This question is related to privacy controls DI-1, Data Quality, and DI-2, Data Integrity and Integrity Board.

Received via electronic transmission from another system; eligibility data from Administrative Data Repository (ADR). Validation is performed to validate the services identified by the service provider matches the information contained in the authorization.

1.5 What specific legal authorities, arrangements, and agreements defined the collection of information?

List the full legal authority for operating the system, specifically the authority to collect the information listed in question 1.1. Provide the authorities in a manner understandable to any potential reader, i.e., do not simply provide a legal citation; use statute names or regulations in addition to citations. Legal authorities include Federal laws, regulations, statutes, and Executive Orders.

This question is related to privacy control AP-1, Authority to Collect

Veterans’ Benefits: Title 38, United States Code, Sections 1703, 1724, 1725, 1728, 1781, 1802, 1803, 1813

System of Records Notice SORN is clear about the use of the information, specifically 13VA047 “Individuals Submitting Invoices-Vouchers For Payment-VA”; routine use is under revision and 23VA10NB3 “Non-VA Fee Basis Records-VA.


1.6 PRIVACY IMPACT ASSESSMENT: Characterization of the information

Consider the specific data elements collected and discuss the potential privacy risks and what steps, if any are currently being taken to mitigate those identified risks.
Consider the following Fair Information Practice Principles (FIPPs) when assessing the risk to individual privacy:

**Principle of Purpose Specification:** Explain how the collection ties with the purpose of the underlying mission of the organization and its enabling authority.

**Principle of Minimization:** Is the information directly relevant and necessary to accomplish the specific purposes of the program?

**Principle of Individual Participation:** Does the program, to the extent possible and practical, collect information directly from the individual?

**Principle of Data Quality and Integrity:** Are there policies and procedures for VA to ensure that personally identifiable information is accurate, complete, and current?

This question is related to privacy control AR-1, Governance and Privacy Program, and AR-2, Privacy Impact and Risk Assessment.

Follow the format below when entering your risk assessment:

**Privacy Risk:** Sensitive Personal Information including personal contact information, medical information, service information and benefit information may be released to unauthorized individuals.

**Mitigation:** VA Choice adheres to information security requirements instituted by the VA Office of Information Technology (OIT). CCNCC relies on information previously collected by the VA from the individuals. Both contractor and VA employees are required to take Privacy, HIPAA, and information security training annually. The system undergoes complete Web Application Security Assessment (WASA) scans and are not allowed to operate with critical findings. The applications have improved their user validation practices and procedures to ensure user access is authorized. Users are authorized through Form 9957 process.

### Section 2. Uses of the Information

The following questions are intended to clearly delineate the use of information and the accuracy of the data being used.

2.1 Describe how the information in the system will be used in support of the program’s business purpose.

*Identify and list each use (both internal and external to VA) of the information collected or maintained.*

*This question is related to privacy control AP-2, Purpose Specification.*
Social security number:  
Personal telephone numbers:  
Financial account information:  
Emergency contact information:  
Healthcare insurance beneficiary account numbers:  
Current medications:  
Prior medical authorization number and services:  
Previous medical record:  
Medical diagnosis codes:  
Medical diagnosis:  
Dates of treatment:  
Physician name and contact information:  
Billed and Payable amounts:  
Physician Name:  
Physician Tax Identification Number:  
Physician National Provider Identifier (NPI):  
Certificate/License Number:  
Physician Telephone:  
Physician Address:  

2.2 What types of tools are used to analyze data and what type of data may be produced?

Many systems sift through large amounts of information in response to a user inquiry or programmed functions. Systems may help identify areas that were previously not obvious and need additional research by agents, analysts, or other employees. Some systems perform complex analytical tasks resulting in, among other types of data, matching, relational analysis, scoring, reporting, or pattern analysis. Describe any type of analysis the system conducts and the data that is created from the analysis.

If the system creates or makes available new or previously unutilized information about an individual, explain what will be done with the newly derived information. Will it be placed in the individual’s existing record? Will a new record be created? Will any action be taken against or for the individual identified because of the newly derived data? If a new record is created, will the newly created information be accessible to Government employees who make determinations about the individual? If so, explain fully under which circumstances and by whom that information will be used.

This question is related to privacy controls DI-1, Data Quality, DI-2, Data Integrity and Integrity Board, and SE-1, Inventory of Personally Identifiable Information.
Automation and personnel auditing are utilized with VAC.
- To validate claim payments, payment amount and eligibility

2.3 How is the information in the system secured?

2.3a What measures are in place to protect data in transit and at rest?

*Encryption in transit and at rest*

2.3b If the system is collecting, processing, or retaining Social Security Numbers, are there additional protections in place to protect SSNs?

*Only restricted access to only authorized individuals.*

2.3c How is PII/PHI safeguarded in accordance with OMB Memorandum M-06-15?

*All employees and contractors are required to participate in general and role-based privacy training annually, all appropriate administrative, technical and safeguards have been implemented to protect privacy information.*

2.4 PRIVACY IMPACT ASSESSMENT: Use of the information. How is access to the PII determined? Are criteria, procedures, controls, and responsibilities regarding access documented? Does access require manager approval? Is access to the PII being monitored, tracked, or recorded? Who is responsible for assuring safeguards for the PII?

Describe any types of controls that may be in place to ensure that information is handled in accordance with the uses described above. Example: Describe if training for users of the project covers how to appropriately use information. Describe the disciplinary programs or system controls (i.e. denial of access) that are in place if an individual is inappropriately using the information.

Consider the following FIPPs below to assist in providing a response:

**Principle of Transparency:** Is the PIA and SORN, if applicable, clear about the uses of the information?

**Principle of Use Limitation:** Is the use of information contained in the system relevant to the mission of the project?

This question is related to privacy control AR-4, Privacy Monitoring and Auditing, AR-5, Privacy Awareness and Training, and SE-2, Privacy Incident response.

Add answer here:

- VAC controls access through their built-in user management functions based upon roles. Authorization is granted after a user submits a 9957 and has it approved by their manager, and the application admin.
- VAC has procedures for granting access utilizing 9957s for authorization.
• Yes, access requires manager approval.
• Yes, application logs are sent to SEIM.
• Both contractor and VA employees are required to take Privacy, HIPAA, and information security training annually.
• System of Records Notice SORN is clear about the use of the information, specifically 13VA047 “Individuals Submitting Invoices-Vouchers For Payment-VA”; routine use is under revision and 23VA10NB3 “Non-VA Fee Basis Records-VA,(https://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/FR-2009-08-31/pdf/E920911.pdf)
• Disciplinary actions: Depending on the severity of the offense, include counseling, loss of access, suspension and possibly termination.
• The information is required to process medical claims; without this information, we would not be able to accomplish our mission. Employees requiring access to this system must sign a VA Rules of Behavior (ROB), complete automated annual privacy training and attend classroom training sessions as needed.

Section 3. Retention of Information

The following questions are intended to outline how long information will be retained after the initial collection.

3.1 What information is retained?

*Identify and list all information collected from question 1.1 that is retained by the system. This question is related to privacy controls DM-1, Minimization of Personally Identifiable Information, and DM-2, Data Retention and Disposal*

Personal addresses:
Full Name:
Date of Birth:
Personal email addresses:
Social security number:
Personal telephone numbers:
Financial account information:
Emergency contact information:
Healthcare insurance beneficiary account numbers:
Current medications:
Prior medical authorization number and services:
Previous medical record:
Medical diagnosis codes:
Medical diagnosis:
Dates of treatment:
Physician name and contact information:
Billed and Payable amounts:
Physician Name:
Physician Tax Identification Number:
Physician National Provider Identifier (NPI):
Certificate/License Number:
Physician Telephone:
Physician Address:

3.2 How long is information retained?

In some cases VA may choose to retain files in active status and archive them after a certain period of time. State active file retention periods, as well as archived records, in number of years, for the information and record types. For example, financial data held within your system may have a different retention period than medical records or education records held within your system, please be sure to list each of these retention periods. If the system is using cloud technology, will it be following the NARA approved retention length and schedule?

The VA records officer should be consulted early in the development process to ensure that appropriate retention and destruction schedules are implemented.

This question is related to privacy control DM-2, Data Retention and Disposal.

Data is retained for 6 years, 3 months as required by General Record Schedule (GRS) 6: Accountable Officers' Accounts Records for each claim as they are recorded separately.

3.3 Has the retention schedule been approved by the VA records office and the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA)? If so please indicate the name of the records retention schedule.

An approved records schedule must be obtained for any IT system that allows the retrieval of a record via a personal identifier. The VA records officer will assist in providing a proposed schedule. The schedule must be formally offered to NARA for official approval. Once NARA approves the proposed schedule, the VA records officer will notify the system owner.

This question is related to privacy control DM-2, Data Retention and Disposal.

Yes, General Record Schedule (GRS) 6: Accountable Officers' Accounts Records, which is governed by Government Accountability Office (GAO) regulations on retention of payment related records.

3.4 What are the procedures for the elimination of SPI?
Explain how records are destroyed or eliminated at the end of the retention period. Please give the details of the process. For example, are paper records shredded on site, or by a shredding company and accompanied by a certificate of destruction, etc?

This question is related to privacy control DM-2, Data Retention and Disposal

6 years 3 months as required by GRS 6 Item 1a. Records Officer and Records Liaison Officer comply with VA Handbook 6300.1 Chap 6, Section 3.

3.5 Does the system, where feasible, use techniques to minimize the risk to privacy by using PII for research, testing, or training?

Organizations often use PII for testing new applications or information systems prior to deployment. Organizations also use PII for research purposes and for training. These uses of PII increase the risks associated with the unauthorized disclosure or misuse of the information. Please explain what controls have been implemented to protect PII used for testing, training and research. Have policies and procedures been developed to minimize the use of PII for testing, training, and research?

This question is related to privacy control DM-3, Minimization of PII Used in Testing, Training and Research

PII data is not used for testing or training purposes. The only data that is being used is mock data. Since the data is mock, we do not risk PII data.

3.6 PRIVACY IMPACT ASSESSMENT: Retention of information

Discuss the risks associated with the length of time data is retained and what steps, if any, are currently being taken to mitigate those identified risks.

While we understand that establishing retention periods for records is a formal process, there are policy considerations behind how long a project keeps information. The longer a project retains information, the longer it needs to secure the information and assure its accuracy and integrity. The proposed schedule should match the requirements of the Privacy Act to keep the minimum amount of PII for the minimum amount of time, while meeting the Federal Records Act. The schedule should align with the stated purpose and mission of the system.

Consider the following FIPPs below to assist in providing a response:

Principle of Minimization: Does the project retain only the information necessary for its purpose? Is the PII retained only for as long as necessary and relevant to fulfill the specified purposes?

Principle of Data Quality and Integrity: Has the PIA described policies and procedures for how PII that is no longer relevant and necessary is purged?

This question is related to privacy controls DM-1, Minimization of Personally Identifiable Information, and DM-2, Data Retention and Disposal.

Follow the format below:
**Privacy Risk**: If information is retained longer than specified, risk of privacy information may be released to unauthorized individuals increases

**Mitigation:**

- HCPS adheres to information security requirements instituted by the VA Office of Information Technology (OIT)
- Both contractor and VA employees are required to take Privacy, HIPAA, and information security training annually.

**Section 4. Internal Sharing/Receiving/Transmitting and Disclosure**

The following questions are intended to define the scope of information sharing/receiving/transmitting within VA.

4.1 With which internal organizations is information shared/received/transmitted? What information is shared/received/transmitted, and for what purpose? How is the information transmitted?

**NOTE**: Question 3.9 (second table) on Privacy Threshold Analysis should be used to answer this question.

*Identify and list the names of any program offices, contractor-supported IT systems, and any other organization or IT system within VA with which information is shared.*

*State the purpose for the internal sharing. If you have specific authority to share the information, provide a citation to the authority.*

*For each interface with a system outside your program office, state what specific data elements (PII/PHI) are shared with the specific program office, contractor-supported IT system, and any other organization or IT system within VA.*

*Describe how the information is transmitted. For example, is the information transmitted electronically, by paper, or by some other means? Is the information shared in bulk, on a case-by-case basis, or does the sharing partner have direct access to the information? This question is related to privacy controls AP-2, Purpose Specification, AR-3, Privacy Requirements for Contractors and Service Providers, AR-8, Accounting of Disclosures, TR-1, Privacy Notice, and UL-1, Internal Use.*
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<th>List the Program Office or IT System information is shared/received with</th>
<th>List the purpose of the information being shared/received with the specified program office or IT system</th>
<th>List the specific PII/PHI data elements that are processed (shared/received/transmitted) with the Program Office or IT system</th>
<th>Describe the method of transmission</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Veteran Health Administration (VHA) Vaww.FeeDataService.fsc.va.gov | Claim processing, adjudication and auditing. | • Full Names  
• Date of Birth  
• personal addresses  
• personal email addresses  
• social security number  
• date of birth  
• personal telephone numbers  
• financial account information  
• emergency contact information  
• healthcare insurance beneficiary account numbers  
• current medications  
• prior medical authorization number and services  
• previous medical record  
• medical diagnosis codes  
• Medical diagnosis  
• Dates of treatment  
• physician name and contact information  
• Billed and Payable amounts  
• Physician Name,  
• Physician Tax Identification Number  
• Physician National Provider Identifier (NPI)  
• Certificate/License Number  
• Physician Telephone  
• Physician Address | HTTPS using TLS |
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<th><strong>List the Program Office or IT System information is shared/received with</strong></th>
<th><strong>List the purpose of the information being shared/received with the specified program office or IT system</strong></th>
<th><strong>List the specific PII/PHI data elements that are processed (shared/received/transmitted) with the Program Office or IT system</strong></th>
<th><strong>Describe the method of transmission</strong></th>
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</thead>
</table>
| Financial Management System (FMS) Claim processing, adjudication and auditing. | | |}

- Full Names
- Date of Birth
- personal addresses
- personal email addresses
- social security number
- date of birth
- personal telephone numbers
- financial account information
- emergency contact information
- healthcare insurance beneficiary account numbers
- current medications
- prior medical authorization number and services
- previous medical record
- medical diagnosis codes
- Medical diagnosis
- Dates of treatment
- physician name and contact information
- Billed and Payable amounts
- Physician Name,
- Physician Tax Identification Number
- Physician National Provider Identifier (NPI)
- Certificate/License Number

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<th>List the Program Office or IT System information is shared/received with</th>
<th>List the purpose of the information being shared/received with the specified program office or IT system</th>
<th>List the specific PII/PHI data elements that are processed (shared/received/transmitted) with the Program Office or IT system</th>
<th>Describe the method of transmission</th>
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| Vaww.FMSTransactionService.fsc.va.gov | Claim processing, adjudication and auditing. | • Full Names  
• Date of Birth  
• personal addresses  
• personal email addresses  
• social security number  
• date of birth  
• personal telephone numbers  
• financial account information  
• emergency contact information  
• healthcare insurance beneficiary account numbers  
• current medications  
• prior medical authorization number and services  
• previous medical record  
• medical diagnosis codes  
• Medical diagnosis  
• Dates of treatment  
• physician name and contact information  
• Billed and Payable amounts  
• Physician Name,  
• Physician Tax Identification Number  
• Physician National Provider Identifier (NPI) | HTTPS |
List the Program Office or IT System information is shared/received with

List the purpose of the information being shared/received with the specified program office or IT system

List the specific PII/PHI data elements that are processed (shared/received/transmitted) with the Program Office or IT system

Describe the method of transmission

| • Certificate/License Number |
| • Physician Telephone |
| • Physician Address |

4.2 PRIVACY IMPACT ASSESSMENT: Internal sharing and disclosure

Discuss the privacy risks associated with the sharing of information within the Department and what steps, if any, are currently being taken to mitigate those identified risks.
This question is related to privacy control UL-1, Internal Use.

Follow the format below:

**Privacy Risk:** Sensitive Personal Information including personal contact information, and benefit information may be released to unauthorized individuals

**Mitigation:**
- VAC adheres to information security requirements instituted by the VA Office of Information Technology (OIT).
- Both contractor and VA employees, including those at VHA/CBO, are required to take Privacy, HIPAA, and information security training annually.
- All employees with access to Veteran’s information are required to complete the VA Privacy and Information Security Awareness training and Rules of Behavior annually.
- Information is shared in accordance with VA Handbook 6500.
Section 5. External Sharing/Receiving and Disclosure

The following questions are intended to define the content, scope, and authority for information sharing external to VA, which includes Federal, State, and local governments, and the private sector.

5.1 With which external organizations (outside VA) is information shared/received? What information is shared/received, and for what purpose? How is the information transmitted and what measures are taken to ensure it is secure?

Is the sharing of information outside the agency compatible with the original collection? If so, is it covered by an appropriate routine use in a SORN? If not, please describe under what legal mechanism the IT system is allowed to share the information in identifiable form or personally identifiable information outside of VA.

NOTE: Question 3.10 on Privacy Threshold Analysis should be used to answer this question.

Identify and list the names of any Federal, State, or local government agency or private sector organization with which information is shared.

For each interface with a system outside VA, state what specific data elements (PII/PHI) are shared with each specific partner.

What legal mechanisms, authoritative agreements, documentation, or policies are in place detailing the extent of the sharing and the duties of each party? For example, is the sharing of data compatible with your SORN? Then list the SORN and the applicable routine use from the SORN. Is there a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU), Computer Matching Agreement (CMA), or law that mandates the sharing of this information?

Describe how the information is transmitted to entities external to VA and what security measures have been taken to protect it during transmission.

This question is related to privacy control UL-2, Information Sharing with Third Parties

Data Shared with External Organizations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>List External Program Office or IT System information is shared/received with</th>
<th>List the purpose of information being shared/received/transmitted with the specified program office or IT system</th>
<th>List the specific PII/PHI data elements that are processed (shared/received/transmitted) with the Program or IT system</th>
<th>List the legal authority, binding agreement, SORN routine use, etc. that permit external sharing (can be more than one)</th>
<th>List the method of transmission and the measures in place to secure data</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ClaimsNet ISS Group Clearinghouse</th>
<th>Full Names • Date of Birth • personal addresses • personal email addresses • social security number • date of birth • personal telephone numbers • financial account information • emergency contact information • healthcare insurance beneficiary account numbers • current medications • prior medical authorization number and services • previous medical record • medical diagnosis codes • Medical diagnosis • Dates of treatment • physician name and contact information • Billed and Payable amounts • Physician Name, • Physician Tax Identification Number • Physician National Provider Identifier (NPI) • Certificate/License Number • Physician Telephone • Physician Address</th>
<th>Service Level Agreement(SLA)</th>
<th>sFTP via VL Trader \vafscsvm03\DataTransfer\Dev$</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Trading Partners TPA Tri-West</td>
<td>Full Names • Date of Birth • personal addresses • personal email addresses • social security number • date of birth • personal telephone numbers • financial account information</td>
<td>Service Level Agreement(SLA)</td>
<td>sFTP via VL Trader</td>
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<tr>
<td>Trading Partners</td>
<td>TPA HealthNet</td>
<td>Full Names</td>
<td>Service Level Agreement(SLA)</td>
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5.2 PRIVACY IMPACT ASSESSMENT: External sharing and disclosure

Discuss the privacy risks associated with the sharing of information outside the Department and what steps, if any, are currently being taken to mitigate those identified risks.

Discuss whether access controls have been implemented and whether audit logs are regularly reviewed to ensure appropriate sharing outside of the Department. For example, is there a Memorandum Of Understanding (MOU), contract, or agreement in place with outside agencies or foreign governments.

Discuss how the sharing of information outside of the Department is compatible with the stated purpose and use of the original collection.

This question is related to privacy control AR-2, Privacy Impact and Risk Assessment, AR-3, Privacy Requirements for Contractors and Service Providers, and AR-4, Privacy Monitoring and Auditing

Follow the format below:

Privacy Risk: Sensitive Personal Information including personal contact information, service information and benefit information may be released to unauthorized individuals.

Mitigation: Access is controlled at all levels. There are multiple roles assigned to users based on their need to know. Audit logs are recorded and monitored as needed.

Section 6. Notice

The following questions are directed at providing notice to the individual of the scope of information collected, the right to consent to uses of the information, and the right to decline to provide information.
6.1 Was notice provided to the individual before collection of the information? If yes, please provide a copy of the notice as an appendix. (A notice may include a posted privacy policy, a Privacy Act notice on forms, or a system of records notice published in the Federal Register.) If notice was not provided, why not?

This question is directed at the notice provided before collection of the information. This refers to whether the person is aware that his or her information is going to be collected. A notice may include a posted privacy policy, a Privacy Act statement on forms, or a SORN published in the Federal Register. If notice was provided in the Federal Register, provide the citation.

If notice was not provided, explain why. If it was provided, attach a copy of the current notice.

Describe how the notice provided for the collection of information is adequate to inform those affected by the system that their information has been collected and is being used appropriately. Provide information on any notice provided on forms or on Web sites associated with the collection. This question is related to privacy control TR-1, Privacy Notice, and TR-2, System of Records Notices and Privacy Act Statements, and TR-3, Dissemination of Privacy Program Information.

Yes, written notice is provided to each individual when they elect to receive care from the VA.
- System of Records Notice SORN 13VA047 “Individuals Submitting Invoices-Vouchers For Payment-VA”;
- SORN 23VA10NB3 “Non-VA Fee Basis Records-VA

6.2 Do individuals have the opportunity and right to decline to provide information? If so, is a penalty or denial of service attached?

This question is directed at whether the person from or about whom information is collected can decline to provide the information and if so, whether a penalty or denial of service is attached. Information disclosure is mandatory; benefits will not be paid unless subject’s information is obtained and used to process the medical claims.

6.3 Do individuals have the right to consent to particular uses of the information? If so, how does the individual exercise the right?

This question is directed at whether an individual may provide consent for specific uses or the consent is given to cover all uses (current or potential) of his or her information. If specific consent is required, how would the individual consent to each use? This question is related to privacy control IP-1, Consent
Information disclosure is mandatory; benefits will not be paid unless subject’s information is obtained and used to process the medical claims. Individuals are not directly asked to consent to this use of their information. However, they may choose to remove consent. Removal of consent may result in denial of claims or benefits.

If an individual wishes to remove consent for a particular use of their information, they should contact the nearest VA Regional Office, a list of where can be found at: https://www.benefits.va.gov/benefits/offices.asp

6.4 PRIVACY IMPACT ASSESSMENT: Notice

Describe the potential risks associated with potentially insufficient notice and what steps, if any, are currently being taken to mitigate those identified risks.

Consider the following FIPPs below to assist in providing a response:

**Principle of Transparency:** Has sufficient notice been provided to the individual?

**Principle of Use Limitation:** Is the information used only for the purpose for which notice was provided either directly to the individual or through a public notice? What procedures are in place to ensure that information is used only for the purpose articulated in the notice?

*This question is related to privacy control TR-1, Privacy Notice, AR-2, Privacy Impact and Risk Assessment, and UL-1, Internal Use*

Follow the format below:

**Privacy Risk:** Veterans and members of the public may not know VA maintains, collects and store data

**Mitigation:**

- FSC mitigates this risk by clarifying VAC’ role through this PIA and the SORNs covering the systems which interact with VAC. Individuals upon are request are referred back to the source system owner or sponsor, etc.
- Information will not be obtained prior to written notice being provided to each individual.
- Benefits will not be paid unless subject’s information is obtained and used to process the medical claims.

**Section 7. Access, Redress, and Correction**

The following questions are directed at an individual’s ability to ensure the accuracy of the information collected about him or her.
7.1 What are the procedures that allow individuals to gain access to their information?

Cite any procedures or regulations your program has in place that allow access to information. These procedures, at a minimum, should include the agency’s FOIA/Privacy Act practices, but may also include additional access provisions. For example, if your program has a customer satisfaction unit, that information, along with phone and email contact information, should be listed in this section in addition to the agency’s procedures. See 5 CFR 294 and the VA FOIA Web page at http://www.foia.va.gov/ to obtain information about FOIA points of contact and information about agency FOIA processes.

If the system is exempt from the access provisions of the Privacy Act, please explain the basis for the exemption or cite the source where this explanation may be found, for example, a Final Rule published in the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR).

If the system is not a Privacy Act system, please explain what procedures and regulations are in place that covers an individual gaining access to his or her information. This question is related to privacy control IP-2, Individual Access, and AR-8, Accounting of Disclosures.

Individuals may access their information via FOIA and Privacy Act procedures. In order to submit an official FOIA or Privacy Act Request, individuals are provide the contact information for the FSC Privacy/FOIA Officer.

7.2 What are the procedures for correcting inaccurate or erroneous information?

Describe the procedures and provide contact information for the appropriate person to whom such issues should be addressed. If the correction procedures are the same as those given in question 7.1, state as much. This question is related to privacy control IP-3, Redress, and IP-4, Complaint Management.

Procedures and contact information for correcting inaccurate or erroneous information is included on the EOB provided to the patient.

For VA Claims:
- Payment was made in accordance with Title 38 U.S.C. 1787 and is considered payment in full. You have the right to appeal any denial on this notice by sending a copy of this EOB, with a written letter of dispute, to the VA Medical Center (VAMC) authorizing this care. Appeals must be received within one year of the date of this EOB.
- For Providers: https://www.vahcps.fsc.va.gov/ allows providers to access Dialysis-related data online. For claim status and payment information, visit us at https://www.vahcps.fsc.va.gov/ or email vafschcps@va.gov.
- For information regarding the VA reconsideration process, please visit the following website: www.va.gov.

7.3 How are individuals notified of the procedures for correcting their information?

How are individuals made aware of the procedures for correcting his or her information? This may be through notice at collection or other similar means. This question is meant to address the risk that...
even if procedures exist to correct information, if an individual is not made fully aware of the existence of those procedures, then the benefits of the procedures are significantly weakened. This question is related to privacy control IP-3, Redress, and IP-4, Complaint Management.

• Individuals are made aware of the procedures for correcting his/her information through the notice at collection.
• Procedures and contact information for correcting inaccurate or erroneous information is included on the EOB provided to the patient.

For VA Claims:
• Payment was made in accordance with Title 38 U.S.C. 1787 and is considered payment in full. You have the right to appeal any denial on this notice by sending a copy of this EOB, with a written letter of dispute, to the VA Medical Center (VAMC) authorizing this care. Appeals must be received within one year of the date of this EOB.

For Providers:
• https://www.vaeps.fsc.va.gov/ allows providers to access Dialysis-related data online. For claim status and payment information, visit us at https://www.vaeps.fsc.va.gov/ or email vafschcps@va.gov. For information regarding the VA reconsideration process, please visit the following website: www.va.gov

7.4 If no formal redress is provided, what alternatives are available to the individual?

Redress is the process by which an individual gains access to his or her records and seeks corrections or amendments to those records. Redress may be provided through the Privacy Act and Freedom of Information Act (FOIA), and also by other processes specific to a program, system, or group of systems.

This question is related to privacy control IP-3, Redress, and IP-4, Complaint Management.

Example: Some projects allow users to directly access and correct/update their information online. This helps ensure data accuracy.

• Veterans have the ability to correct/update their information online via the VA’s eBenefits website.
  • http://benefits.va.gov/benefits/offices.asp

7.5 PRIVACY IMPACT ASSESSMENT: Access, redress, and correction

Discuss what risks there currently are related to the Department’s access, redress, and correction policies and procedures for this system and what, if any, steps have been taken to mitigate those risks. For example, if a project does not allow individual access, the risk of inaccurate data needs to
be discussed in light of the purpose of the project. For example, providing access to ongoing law enforcement activities could negatively impact the program’s effectiveness because the individuals involved might change their behavior.

Consider the following FIPPs below to assist in providing a response:

**Principle of Individual Participation:** Is the individual provided with the ability to find out whether a project maintains a record relating to him?

**Principle of Individual Participation:** If access and/or correction is denied, then is the individual provided notice as to why the denial was made and how to challenge such a denial?

**Principle of Individual Participation:** Is there a mechanism by which an individual is able to prevent information about him obtained for one purpose from being used for other purposes without his knowledge?

This question is related to privacy control IP-3, Redress.

Follow the format below:

**Privacy Risk:** Inaccurate data may be used to process claims.

**Mitigation:**
FSC verifies claim information data against medical authorizations; FSC relies on the data collected by VHA and has clear redress procedures in place. See the PIAs for Vista, CPRS, and eBenefits for the VA’s mitigation efforts. Data is collected from VHA to accurately process medical claims in accordance with SORN 13VA047

### Section 8. Technical Access and Security

The following questions are intended to describe technical safeguards and security measures.

**8.1 What procedures are in place to determine which users may access the system, and are they documented?**

Describe the process by which an individual receives access to the system.

Identify users from other agencies who may have access to the system and under what roles these individuals have access to the system. Who establishes the criteria for what PII can be shared?

Describe the different roles in general terms that have been created to provide access to the system. For example, certain users may have "read-only" access while others may be permitted to make certain amendments or changes to the information.
This question is related to privacy control AR-7, Privacy-Enhanced System Design and Development.

- Individuals must take and pass training on Privacy, HIPAA, information security, and government ethics.
- Individuals must have a completed security investigation
- Once training and the security investigation are complete, a request is submitted for access. Before any access is granted, this request must be approved by the supervisor, Information Security Officer (ISO), and OIT.

8.2 Will VA contractors have access to the system and the PII? If yes, what involvement will contractors have with the design and maintenance of the system? Has a contractor confidentiality agreement, Business Associate Agreement (BAA), or a Non-Disclosure Agreement (NDA) been developed for contractors who work on the system?

If so, how frequently are contracts reviewed and by whom? Describe the necessity of the access provided to contractors to the system and whether clearance is required. If Privacy Roles and Responsibilities have been established to restrict certain users to different access levels, please describe the roles and associated access levels. Explain the need for VA contractors to have access to the PII.

This question is related to privacy control AR-3, Privacy Requirements for Contractors and Service Providers.

- Contractors will have access to the system and their contracts are reviewed on an annual basis.
- Contractors must take and pass training on Privacy, HIPAA, information security, and government ethics.
- Contractors must have a completed security investigation.
- Once training and the security investigation are complete, a request for access is submitted before any access is granted. This request must be approved by the government supervisor, Information Security Officer (ISO), and Office of Information & Technology (OIT).

8.3 Describe what privacy training is provided to users either generally or specifically relevant to the program or system?

VA offers privacy and security training. Each program or system may offer training specific to the program or system that touches on information handling procedures and sensitivity of information. Please describe how individuals who have access to PII are trained to handle it appropriately.

This question is related to privacy control AR-5, Privacy Awareness and Training.

Talent Management System courses:
VA 10176: Privacy and Info Security Awareness and Rules of Behavior;
VA 10203: Privacy and HIPAA Training
VA 3812493: Annual Government Ethics
8.4 Has Authorization and Accreditation (A&A) been completed for the system?

If Yes, provide:

1. The Security Plan Status,
2. The Security Plan Status Date,
3. The Authorization Status,
4. The Authorization Date,
5. The Authorization Termination Date,
6. The Risk Review Completion Date,
7. The FIPS 199 classification of the system (LOW/MODERATE/HIGH).

Please note that all systems containing SPI are categorized at a minimum level of “moderate” under Federal Information Processing Standards Publication 199.

If No or In Process, provide your Initial Operating Capability (IOC) date.

1. The Security Plan Status, - Approved
2. The Security Plan Status Date, - 08-Jul-2021
3. The Authorization Status, - Authorization to Operate (ATO)
4. The Authorization Date, - 17 August 2021
5. The Authorization Termination Date, - 27-Aug-2022
6. The Risk Review Completion Date, - 05-Aug-2021
7. The FIPS 199 classification of the system (LOW/MODERATE/HIGH). – HIGH

Section 9 – Technology Usage
The following questions are used to identify the technologies being used by the IT system or project.

9.1 Does the system use cloud technology? If so, what cloud model is being utilized?

If so, Does the system have a FedRAMP provisional or agency authorization? If the system does use cloud technology, but does not have FedRAMP authorization, explain how the Cloud Service Provider (CSP) solution was assessed and what FedRAMP documents and processes were used for the assessment in order to comply with VA Handbook 6517. Types of cloud models include: Software as a Service (SaaS), Infrastructure as a Service (IaaS), Platform as a Service (PaaS), Commercial off the Shelf (COTS).

This question is related to privacy control UL-1, Information Sharing with Third Parties.
Note: For systems utilizing the VA Enterprise Cloud (VAEC), no further responses are required after 9.1.

No

9.2 Does the contract with the Cloud Service Provider, Contractors and VA customers establish who has ownership rights over data including PII? (Provide contract number and supporting information about PII/PHI from the contract)

This question is related to privacy control AR-3, Privacy Requirements for Contractors and Service Providers.
N/A

9.3 Will the CSP collect any ancillary data and if so, who has ownership over the ancillary data?

Per NIST 800-144, cloud providers hold significant details about the accounts of cloud consumers that could be compromised and used in subsequent attacks. Ancillary data also involves information the cloud provider collects or produces about customer-related activity in the cloud. It includes data collected to meter and charge for consumption of resources, logs and audit trails, and other such metadata that is generated and accumulated within the cloud environment.

This question is related to privacy control DI-1, Data Quality.
N/A

9.4 NIST 800-144 states, “Organizations are ultimately accountable for the security and privacy of data held by a cloud provider on their behalf.” Is this principle described in contracts with customers? Why or why not?

What are the roles and responsibilities involved between the organization and cloud provider, particularly with respect to managing risks and ensuring organizational requirements are met?

This question is related to privacy control AR-3, Privacy Requirements for Contractors and Service Providers.
N/A

9.5 If the system is utilizing Robotics Process Automation (RPA), please describe the role of the bots.
Robotic Process Automation is the use of software scripts to perform tasks as an automated process that executes in parallel with or in place of human input. For example, will the automation move or touch PII/PHI information. RPA may also be referred to as “Bots” or Artificial Intelligence (AI).

No
### Section 10. References

#### Summary of Privacy Controls by Family

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<th>ID</th>
<th>Privacy Controls</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AP</td>
<td>Authority and Purpose</td>
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<td>AP-1</td>
<td>Authority to Collect</td>
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<tr>
<td>AP-2</td>
<td>Purpose Specification</td>
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<tr>
<td>AR</td>
<td>Accountability, Audit, and Risk Management</td>
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<td>AR-1</td>
<td>Governance and Privacy Program</td>
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<td>AR-2</td>
<td>Privacy Impact and Risk Assessment</td>
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<td>AR-3</td>
<td>Privacy Requirements for Contractors and Service Providers</td>
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<tr>
<td>AR-4</td>
<td>Privacy Monitoring and Auditing</td>
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<tr>
<td>AR-5</td>
<td>Privacy Awareness and Training</td>
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<td>AR-7</td>
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<td>Minimization of PII Used in Testing, Training, and Research</td>
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Signature of Responsible Officials

The individuals below attest that the information they provided in this Privacy Impact Assessment is true and accurate.

Deea D. Lacey
293519

Digitally signed by Deea D. Lacey
Date: 2022.05.24 18:18:51 -05'00'

Privacy Officer, Deea Lacey

RITO-ANTHONY BRISBANE

Digitally signed by RITO-ANTHONY BRISBANE
Date: 2022.05.24 11:24:58 -05'00'

Information System Security Officer, Rito-Anthony Brisbane

JONATHAN LINDOW

Digitally signed by JONATHAN LINDOW
Date: 2022.05.24 11:03:16 -05'00'

Information System Owner, Jonathan Lindow
APPENDIX A-6.1

Please provide a link to the notice or verbiage referred to in Section 6 (a notice may include a posted privacy policy; a Privacy Act notice on forms).

SORN 13VA047:“Individuals Submitting Invoices-Vouchers For Payment-VA”.

SORN 23VA10NB3:“Non-VA Care (Fee) Records-VA”.

If Yes, does

https://www.benefits.va.gov/benefits/offices.asp

Records

The Privacy Act of 1974 provides a number of protections for your personal information, including how information is collected, used, disclosed, stored and disposed.

A system of records is a group of any records under the control of any agency from which information is retrieved by the name of the individual or by some identifying number, symbol, or other identifier assigned to the individual.

The Privacy Act requires that each agency that maintains a system of records (as VA does) must publish a notice in the Federal Register identifying the purpose for which information about an individual is collected, what type of information is being collected, how the information is shared, and what an individual must do if they want to access or amend any record maintained about them.

These notices are commonly referred to as systems of records notices or SORNs.

Privacy Act Exemptions

The Privacy Act of 1974 (5 U.S.C. § 552a) provides that agencies will provide access to records on individuals within its possession unless one of ten exemptions apply. The exact language of the exemptions can be found in the Privacy Act of 1974 (5 U.S.C. § 552a), https://www.justice.gov/opcl/ten-exemptions. VA regulations at 38 CFR § 1.582 - Exemptions provide a complete listing of all VA exempt Privacy Act systems of records.