Privacy Impact Assessment for the VA IT System called:

Data Analytics System (DAS) Cloud
Veterans Administration Corporate Office (VACO)

Data Analytics Service

Date PIA submitted for review:

11/03/2023

System Contacts:

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<tr>
<th>Role</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>E-mail</th>
<th>Phone Number</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Privacy Officer</td>
<td>Mark A. Wilson</td>
<td><a href="mailto:Mark.Wilson@va.gov">Mark.Wilson@va.gov</a></td>
<td>512-386-2286</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td>Rito-Anthony Brisbane</td>
<td><a href="mailto:Rito-Anthony.Brisbane@va.gov">Rito-Anthony.Brisbane@va.gov</a></td>
<td>512-460-5081</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Information System Owner</td>
<td>Jonathan Lindow</td>
<td><a href="mailto:Jonathan.Lindow@va.gov">Jonathan.Lindow@va.gov</a></td>
<td>512-981-4871</td>
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</table>
Abstract

The abstract provides the simplest explanation for “what does the system do?”.

The Data Analytics Service (DAS) Cloud is an enterprise-level, integrated business intelligence and analytics (BI&A) platform characterized by a client/server architecture in which users across the Department of Veterans Affairs analyze data using platform clients. This application will provide high level business intelligence visualizations that are data agnostic, and provide information to support decision making at all levels of VA. This application will be accessible throughout the VA enterprise upon approval of VA Electronic Permission Access System (EPAS), Access Form for information systems. Designated Points of Contact (POC) per data product will use this application via web interface, after submitting an approved VA Form EPAS for access. The POC will access their data product at will and close their session when they have finished. DAS provides access to the statistical tools either through out-of-the-box availability or custom creation through use of open-source technologies (e.g., R, Python).

Overview

The overview is the most important section of the PIA. A thorough and clear overview gives the reader the appropriate context to understand the responses in the PIA. The overview should contain the following elements:

1 General Description
   A. What is the IT system name and the name of the program office that owns the IT system?
      The program office is Financial Services Center (FSC). Data Analytics Service (DAS) Cloud is an integrated business intelligence and analytics (BI&A) platform operated by DAS and is owned by the FSC and supported by the (FSC) Office of Information and Technology.

   B. What is the business purpose of the program, IT system, or technology and how it relates to the program office and agency mission?
      The Financial Services Center (FSC) has emplaced Data Analytics Service (DAS), hosted in VAEC Azure, to provide a streamlined data product delivery system for use across the Department of Veteran Affairs (VA). This application will provide high level business intelligence visualizations that are data agnostic, and provide information to support decision making at all levels of VA. This application will be accessible throughout the VA enterprise upon EPAS approvals. Designated Points of Contact (POC) per data product will use this application via web interface, after submitting an approved EPAS for access. The POC will access their data product at will and close their session when they have finished.

   C. Who is the owner or control of the IT system or project?
      The Financial Services Center (FSC) Financial Technology Service (FTS) owns and controls VAEC for all FSC business units. System is VA owned and VA operated as in PTA.
2. Information Collection and Sharing

D. What is the expected number of individuals whose information is stored in the system and a brief description of the typical client or affected individual?

The FSC DAS has access to data stored in source systems, with the potential to reach data associated with 21.1M Veterans and over 300,000 VA Employees, and VA Contractors.

E. What is a general description of the information in the IT system and the purpose for collecting this information?

VAEC Azure in the VA network; reference Enterprise Security request inventory. The DAS collects data by directly connecting to the source system’s database via a series of database queries and through use of native connectors; data are also received via secure electronic transmission (secure file transfer protocols (FTP)). The information stored is made up of ledger, bank, and patient data. This data is used to provide business intelligence reports and analytics to customers.

F. What information sharing conducted by the IT system? A general description of the modules and subsystems, where relevant, and their functions.

The purpose of the system is to provide the full spectrum of BI&A support to the FSC as well as to organization elements across the VA and other governmental agencies (OGAs) that the FSC provides services to through service level agreements (SLAs). With a focus on development and delivery of analytic products, DAS enables the FSC, Office of Finance, Office of Management, and the larger VA to meet strategic goals and performance objectives that rely upon analytic results. DAS is characterized by a client/server architecture in which the FSC and supported customers are provided with access to analytic products enabled, developed, implemented, and maintained with DAS. DAS provides the VA with the capability of integrating structured, unstructured, and semi-structured data from a wide variety of data sources for seamless research and analysis in a unified environment. The analytic platform supports intra-organization collaboration; data curation and governance; machine learning; a range of deployment models; creation and sharing of templates and BI/data science integration. DAS provides a suite of tools that assist business users in detecting trends, patterns, outliers, and non-obvious relationships using the information gathered from source systems. Through the system, a range of analytic capabilities are provided to analysts, business authors, or other approved users. Although the FSC DAS has the capability to data mine, the FSC does not currently use the system to data mine as defined under the Federal Agency Data Mining Reporting Act of 2007. The FSC DAS has access to data stored in source systems, with the potential to reach data associated with 21.1M Veterans and over 300,000 VA employees. The following categories of analytic methods are provided by the platform: Statistical analysis: modeling and statistical tools that can help analysts discover patterns or generalizations in the data; the analysis can be used to produce models that can be used to identify similar patterns in other data or common characteristics among seemingly disparate data; analytic methods include forecasting, regression, General Linear Model (GLM) variants, optimization modeling and related approaches. Geospatial analysis: visualization tools that can display a set of events or activities on a map showing streets, distances, demographic borders, and related features. The types of analysis supported through geospatial modeling include a wide range of resource allocation applications as well as and
Temporal analysis: visualization tools that can display events or activities in a timeline to help an analyst/user identify patterns or associations in the data. Temporal analytic methods can produce a time sequence of events that can be used to predict future activities or discover similar types of activities. Analytics dashboards and advanced interactive exploration: DAS provides authorized users with the ability to interact with DAS-created or enabled dashboards in which users can filter information among a range of dimensions within the dashboard (e.g., space, time, organizational hierarchy, etc.). Further, DAS provides access to the statistical tools either through out-of-the-box availability or custom creation through use of open-source technologies (e.g., R, Python). As an organizational element of the FSC, the Data Analytics Division and its supporting technologies are authorized under Public Law 103-356 and Public Law 109-114. The system will be operated in a single instance of the VA Enterprise Cloud (VAEC) Microsoft Azure GovCloud (MAG). The Disaster Recovery environment will be in an Azure region different from the live environments. The information is shared via Microsoft PowerBI through HTTPS. These are accessed by customers of the Data Analytics Service. Customers include The Financial Services Center, National Cemetery Administration, Integrated Veteran Care, VA Corporate Travel and Charge Card Service, Office of Finance, VA Office of Integrity and Compliance, VA Central Office, Financial Services Center and Satellite Payroll Offices, Veteran Benefits Administration, Veteran Health Administration, and Office of Information Technology.

G. Is the system operated in more than one site, and if so, a description of how use of the system and PII is maintained consistently in all sites and if the same controls are used across sites?

The system is only operated in one site.

3. Legal Authority and SORN

H. What is the citation of the legal authority to operate the IT system?
   a) Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR), Part 13, 48 CFR part 13, and Public Law 93-579, section 7(b).
   b) Title 40 U.S.C. § 1401 (3), Clinger-Cohen Act of 1996, which directs the development and maintenance of IT architectures by federal agencies to maximize benefits within the federal government.
   c) Government Performance and Results Act of 1993, designed to improve federal program effectiveness, enhance Congressional decision-making, and strengthen internal controls
   d) Public Law 103-356 and Public Law 109-114
   e) Title 5 USC 552a

I. If the system is in the process of being modified and a SORN exists, will the SORN require amendment or revision and approval? If the system is using cloud technology, does the SORN for the system cover cloud usage or storage?

The system uses cloud storage. Currently no documentation needs to be updated.

4. System Changes

J. Will the completion of this PIA will result in circumstances that require changes to business processes?

No
Section 1. Characterization of the Information

The following questions are intended to define the scope of the information requested and collected as well as the reasons for its collection as part of the program, IT system, or technology being developed.

1.1 What information is collected, used, disseminated, created, or maintained in the system?

Identify and list all Sensitive Personal Information (SPI) that is collected and stored in the system, including Individually Identifiable Information (III), Individually Identifiable Health Information (IIHI), Protected Health Information (PHI), and Privacy-Protected Information. For additional information on these information types and definitions, please see VA Directives and Handbooks in the 6500 series (https://vaww.va.gov/vapubs/). If the system creates information (for example, a score, analysis, or report), list the information the system is responsible for creating.

If a requesting system receives information from another system, such as a response to a background check, describe what information is returned to the requesting system. This question is related to privacy control AP-1, Authority To Collect, and AP-2, Purpose Specification.

The information selected below must match the information provided in question 2.1 as well as the data elements columns in 4.1 and 5.1. It must also match the information provided in question 3.4 of the PTA.

Please check any information listed below that your system collects, uses, disseminates, creates, or maintains. If additional SPI is collected, used, disseminated, created, or maintained, please list those in the text box below:

- [ ] Name
- [ ] Social Security Number
- [ ] Date of Birth
- [ ] Mother’s Maiden Name
- [ ] Personal Mailing Address
- [ ] Personal Phone Number(s)
- [ ] Personal Fax Number
- [ ] Personal Email Address
- [ ] Emergency Contact Information (Name, Phone Number, etc. of a different individual)
- [ ] Financial Information
- [ ] Health Insurance Beneficiary Numbers
- [ ] Account numbers
- [ ] Certificate/License numbers
- [ ] Vehicle License Plate Number
- [ ] Internet Protocol (IP) Address Numbers
- [ ] Medications
- [ ] Medical Records
- [ ] Race/Ethnicity
- [ ] Tax Identification Number
- [ ] Medical Record Number
- [ ] Gender
- [ ] Integrated Control Number (ICN)
- [ ] Military History/Service Connection
- [ ] Next of Kin
- [ ] Other Data Elements (list below)

1 Specify type of Certificate or License Number (e.g., Occupational, Education, Medical)
Other PII/PHI data elements: Employee ID

**PII Mapping of Components (Servers/Database)**

**Data Analytics Service (Cloud)** consists of 9 key components (servers/databases/instances/applications/software/application programming interfaces (API)). Each component has been analyzed to determine if any elements of that component collect PII. The type of PII collected by Data Analytics Service (Cloud) and the reasons for the collection of the PII are in the table below.

**Note:** Due to the PIA being a public facing document, please do not include server names in the table. The first table of 3.9 in the PTA should be used to answer this question.

*Internal Components Table*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component Name (Database, Instances, Application, Software, Application Program Interface (API) etc.) that contains PII/PHI</th>
<th>Does this system collect PII? (Yes/No)</th>
<th>Does this system store PII? (Yes/No)</th>
<th>Type of PII (SSN, DOB, etc.)</th>
<th>Reason for Collection/Storage of PII</th>
<th>Safeguards</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Azure Synapse Workspaces</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>• Name&lt;br&gt;• Social Security Number&lt;br&gt;• Date of Birth&lt;br&gt;• Personal Mailing Address&lt;br&gt;• Personal Phone Number(s)&lt;br&gt;• Personal Email Address&lt;br&gt;• Emergency Contact Information (Name, Phone Number, etc. of a different individual)&lt;br&gt;• Financial Information&lt;br&gt;• Health Insurance Beneficiary Numbers Account Numbers</td>
<td>Azure Synapse is an enterprise analytics service that accelerates time to insight across data warehouses and big data systems.</td>
<td>Data encryption at rest, Data encryption in transit, Access controls via EPAS, Programmatic access via Azure Service Principals</td>
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<td>Feature</td>
<td>Available</td>
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<td>Dedicated SQL Pools</td>
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<td><strong>Data Encryption</strong></td>
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<td>- Programmatic access via Azure Service Principals</td>
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<td>Azure Data Factories</td>
<td>Yes</td>
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<td><strong>Cloud workflow requirement to Data encryption at rest, Data</strong></td>
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</table>
| Azure Storage Accounts | Yes  | Yes  | • Name  
• Social Security Number  
• Date of Birth  
• Personal Mailing Address  
• Personal Phone Number(s)  
• Personal Email Address  
• Emergency Contact Information  | Data Storage, system requirement to store data  
<p>| Data encryption at rest, Data encryption in transit, Access controls via EPAS, Programmatic access via Azure Service Principals |</p>
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<th>Databricks Storage Accounts</th>
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<th>(Name, Phone Number, etc. of a different individual)</th>
<th>Financial Information</th>
<th>Health Insurance Beneficiary Numbers</th>
<th>Account Numbers</th>
<th>Tax Identification Number</th>
<th>Military History/Service Connection</th>
<th>Other Data Elements (Employee ID)</th>
<th>Data Storage, system requirement to store data</th>
<th>Data encryption at rest, Data encryption in transit, Access controls via EPAS, Programmatic access via Azure Service Principals</th>
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| Microsoft PowerBL | Yes | Yes | • Name  
  • Social Security Number  
  • Date of Birth  
  • Personal Mailing Address  
  • Personal Phone Number(s)  
  • Personal Email Address  
  • Emergency Contact Information (Name, Phone Number, etc. of a different individual)  
  • Financial Information  
  • Health Insurance Beneficiary Numbers  
  • Account Numbers | System Required visualizationlayer for customers | Row level security, IAM access, Data encryption at rest, Data encryption in transit, Access controls via EPAS, Programmatic access via Azure Service Principals |
1.2 What are the sources of the information in the system?
These questions are related to privacy controls DI-1, Data Quality, and IP-1, Consent.

1.2a List the individual, entity, or entities providing the specific information identified above. For example, is the information collected directly from the individual as part of an application for a benefit, or is it collected from other sources such as commercial data aggregators?

DAS is not a point of data collection. Data is used from SORN based systems. Data is provided by VHA, VBA, NCA, VACO organizations and SORN based systems.

1.2b Describe why information from sources other than the individual is required? For example, if a program’s system is using data from a commercial aggregator of information or data taken from public Web sites, state the fact that this is where the information is coming from and then in question indicate why the system is using this source of data.

DAS provides metrics and reports requested by business offices or DAS customers. Customers don’t contact DAS either directly or indirectly.

1.2c Does the system create information (for example, a score, analysis, or report), list the system as a source of information?

PowerBI dashboard are created on top of information stored in the DAS Cloud. Analytics are part of some of the PowerBI dashboards. Examples of these analytics include but not limited to minimum, maximum, average and trends over time.

1.3 How is the information collected?
These questions are related to privacy controls DI-1, Data Quality, and IP-1, Consent.

1.3a This question is directed at the means of collection from the sources listed in question 1.2. Information may be collected directly from an individual, received via electronic transmission from another system, or created by the system itself. Specifically, is information collected through technologies or other technologies used in the storage or transmission of information in identifiable form?

DAS collects data by directly connecting to the source system’s database via a series of database queries and through use of native connectors; data are also received via secure electronic transmission (secure FTP).

1.3b If the information is collected on a form and is subject to the Paperwork Reduction Act, what is the form’s OMB control number and the agency form number?

No information is collected on a form.
1.4 How will the information be checked for accuracy? How often will it be checked?

These questions are related to privacy controls DI-1, Data Quality, and DI-2, Data Integrity and Integrity Board.

1.4a Discuss whether and how often information stored in the system is checked for accuracy. Is information in the system checked against any other source of information (within or outside your organization) before the information is used to make decisions about an individual? For example, is there a computer matching agreement in place with another government agency? For systems that receive data from internal data sources or VA IT systems, describe the system checks to ensure that data corruption has not occurred during transmission.

DAS is not the originator or point of collection for the information in the reports/analytics it provides. The accuracy of the data analyzed depends on the accuracy of the source system providing the information – source system stewards have responsibility for data accuracy and quality.

1.4b Does the system check for accuracy by accessing a commercial aggregator of information, describe this process and the levels of accuracy required by the contract?

DAS in not the originator or point of collection for the information in the reports/analytics it provides.

1.5 What specific legal authorities, arrangements, and agreements defined the collection of information?

List the full legal authority for operating the system, specifically the authority to collect the information listed in question 1.1. Provide the authorities in a manner understandable to any potential reader, i.e., do not simply provide a legal citation; use statute names or regulations in addition to citations. Legal authorities include Federal laws, regulations, statutes, and Executive Orders. This question is related to privacy control AP-1, Authority to Collect

A. Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR), Part 13, 48 CFR part 13, and Public Law 93-579, section 7(b).
B. Title 40 U.S.C. § 1401 (3), Clinger-Cohen Act of 1996, which directs the development and maintenance of IT architectures by federal agencies to maximize benefits within the federal government.
C. Government Performance and Results Act of 1993, designed to improve federal program effectiveness, enhance Congressional decision-making, and strengthen internal controls.
E. Title 5 USC 552a.

1.6 PRIVACY IMPACT ASSESSMENT: Characterization of the information

Consider the specific data elements collected and discuss the potential privacy risks and what steps, if any are currently being taken to mitigate those identified risks. (Work with your System ISSO to complete this section)

Consider the following Fair Information Practice Principles (FIPPs) when assessing the risk to individual privacy:
Principle of Purpose Specification: Explain how the collection ties with the purpose of the underlying mission of the organization and its enabling authority.

Principle of Minimization: Is the information directly relevant and necessary to accomplish the specific purposes of the program?

Principle of Individual Participation: Does the program, to the extent possible and practical, collect information directly from the individual?

Principle of Data Quality and Integrity: Are there policies and procedures for VA to ensure that personally identifiable information is accurate, complete, and current?
This question is related to privacy control AR-1, Governance and Privacy Program, and AR-2, Privacy Impact and Risk Assessment.

Follow the format below when entering your risk assessment:

**Privacy Risk:** There is a risk that users may use DAS to mine data, which falls under the Federal Agency Data Mining Reporting Act. Should the use of DAS change to include data mining that falls under the Federal Agency Data Mining Reporting Act, Data Analytics Service (DAS) will update and republish this PIA to examine and discuss any new privacy risks associated with the change. DAS will also fully comply with the reporting requirements of the Act.

**Mitigation:** Users are granted role-based access to the system interconnections with DAS. Before gaining access to DAS, a user must submit a request for access that routes through supervisory and subject area owner channels. Systems administration and information security will have accessibility to user logs that allow identification of users. Coupled with the user access review process, routine and recurrent monitoring by information security and DAS application management will mitigate the potential for unauthorized access.

**Section 2. Uses of the Information**

The following questions are intended to clearly delineate the use of information and the accuracy of the data being used.

2.1 Describe how the information in the system that will be used in support of the program’s business purpose.

Identify and list each use (both internal and external to VA) of the information collected or maintained. This question is related to privacy control AP-2, Purpose Specification.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PII/PHI Data Element</th>
<th>Internal Use</th>
<th>External Use</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Name</td>
<td>Used as personal identifier</td>
<td>Not used</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Social Security Number</td>
<td>Used as personal identifier and to confirm person</td>
<td>Not used</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Date of Birth</td>
<td>Used as personal identifier and to determine age</td>
<td>Not used</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Category</td>
<td>Details</td>
<td>Use</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----------------------------------------</td>
<td>-------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>-----------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Personal Mailing Address</td>
<td>Used to enable dashboard/report customers to contact individual (DAS doesn't contact individuals)</td>
<td>Not used</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Personal Phone Number(s)</td>
<td>Used to enable dashboard/report customers to contact individual (DAS doesn't contact individuals)</td>
<td>Not used</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Personal Email Address</td>
<td>Used to enable dashboard/report customers to contact individual (DAS doesn't contact individuals)</td>
<td>Not used</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Emergency Contact Information</td>
<td>Used to enable dashboard/report customers to contact individual (DAS doesn't contact individuals)</td>
<td>Not used</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Financial Information</td>
<td>Used to enable dashboard/report customers to provide financial transaction support for their clients</td>
<td>Not used</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Health Insurance Beneficiary Numbers</td>
<td>Used to enable dashboard/report customers to provide health insurance transaction support to their clients</td>
<td>Not used</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Numbers Account Numbers</td>
<td>Used to enable dashboard/report customers to provide financial transaction support for their clients</td>
<td>Not used</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tax Identification Number</td>
<td>Used as personal identifier and to confirm person</td>
<td>Not Used</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Military History/Service Connection</td>
<td>Used to enable dashboard/report customers to identify Veterans</td>
<td>Not Used</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other Data Elements (Employee ID)</td>
<td>Used as personal identifier and to confirm person</td>
<td>Not used</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2.2 What types of tools are used to analyze data and what type of data may be produced?
These questions are related to privacy controls DI-1, Data Quality, DI-2, Data Integrity and Integrity Board, and SE-1, Inventory of Personally Identifiable Information.

2.2a Many systems sift through large amounts of information in response to a user inquiry or programmed functions. Systems may help identify areas that were previously not obvious and need additional research by agents, analysts, or other employees. Some systems perform complex analytical tasks resulting in, among other types of data, matching, relational analysis, scoring, reporting, or pattern analysis. Describe any type of analysis the system conducts and the data that is created from the analysis?

DAS uses the following applications: Microsoft SQL Server Management Studio, Microsoft Azure Government Cloud (and associated tools therein) and Microsoft Power BI desktop. The types of analysis performed by DAS depend upon the requirements established by the VA customer. These include, but are not limited to, advanced analytics, supporting compliance and fraud, waste, and abuse (FWA) analytics. The methods used include the full spectrum of approaches in FWA-from traditional rules-based to statistically based analyses. Specific examples of analytic methods employed include: • Development of machine learning algorithms to identify clusters of high-risk transactions in purchase cards • Outlier detection through a variety of statistical approaches • Development and application of matching algorithms • Use of largest subset and largest growth forensic tests.
2.2b If the system creates or makes available new or previously unutilized information about an individual, explain what will be done with the newly derived information. Will it be placed in the individual's existing record? Will a new record be created? Will any action be taken against or for the individual identified because of the newly derived data? If a new record is created, will the newly created information be accessible to Government employees who make determinations about the individual? If so, explain fully under which circumstances and by whom that information will be used.

Actions will not be taken by DAS. Any actions taken are the responsibility, and under the authority (if present), of the agency requesting DAS analytics.

2.3 How is the information in the system secured?
These questions are related to security and privacy controls SC-9, Transmission Confidentiality, and SC-28, Protection of Information at Rest.

2.3a What measures are in place to protect data in transit and at rest?
Data is encrypted, using a FIPS validated cryptographic module, at-rest and in-transit.

2.3b If the system is collecting, processing, or retaining Social Security Numbers, are there additional protections in place to protect SSNs?
Role-Based Access Controls (RBAC) and the concept of least privilege are implemented in DAS. Business process approvals occur through the RBAC implementation, which also restrict who can access the PII, including Social Security Numbers.

2.3c How is PII/PHI safeguarded in accordance with OMB Memorandum M-06-15?
Data is encrypted using a FIPS validated cryptographic module, at-rest and in-transit. Role-Based Access Controls (RBAC) and the concept of least privilege are implemented in DAS. Business process approvals occur through the RBAC implementation, which also restrict who can access the PII, including Social Security Numbers.

2.4 PRIVACY IMPACT ASSESSMENT: Use of the information.

Describe any types of controls that may be in place to ensure that information is handled in accordance with the uses described above. Example: Describe if training for users of the project covers how to appropriately use information. Describe the disciplinary programs or system controls (i.e. denial of access) that are in place if an individual is inappropriately using the information.

Consider the following FIPPs below to assist in providing a response:

**Principle of Transparency:** Is the PIA and SORN, if applicable, clear about the uses of the information?

**Principle of Use Limitation:** Is the use of information contained in the system relevant to the mission of the project?
This question is related to privacy control AR-4, Privacy Monitoring and Auditing, AR-5, Privacy Awareness and Training, and SE-2, Privacy Incident response.

2.4a How is access to the PII determined?
Role-Based Access Controls (RBAC) and the concept of least privilege are implemented in DAS. Business process approvals occur through the RBAC implementation, which also restrict who can access the PII, including Social Security Numbers.

2.4b Are criteria, procedures, controls, and responsibilities regarding access documented?
Contract and federal staff are required to take Privacy, HIPAA, and information security training annually in the VA’s Talent Management System (TMS). Access policies and procedures are determined by OI&T.

2.4c Does access require manager approval?
Yes

2.4d Is access to the PII being monitored, tracked, or recorded?
Yes

2.4e Who is responsible for assuring safeguards for the PII?
OI&T Systems & Cloud administration staff.

Section 3. Retention of Information
The following questions are intended to outline how long information will be retained after the initial collection.

3.1 What information is retained?
Identify and list all information collected from question 1.1 that is retained by the system. This question is related to privacy controls DM-1, Minimization of Personally Identifiable Information, and DM-2, Data Retention and Disposal.

DAS is not the original point of collection for data—source system owners are responsible for information retention within the systems that DAS uses for analytics. Generally, records are retained as long as required per National Archivist and Records Administration (NARA) standards (Reference: GRS Schedule 1.1, Item #10). All data needed to support our customer products is retained. This information can include Name, Social Security Number, Date of Birth, Personal Mailing Address, Personal Phone Number(s), Personal Email Address, Emergency Contact Information (Name, Phone Number, etc. of a different individual), Financial Information, Health Insurance Beneficiary Numbers Account Numbers, Tax Identification Number, Military History/Service Connection, and Other Data Elements (Employee ID).

3.2 How long is information retained?

In some cases, VA may choose to retain files in active status and archive them after a certain period of time. State active file retention periods, as well as archived records, in number of years, for the information and record types. For example, financial data held within your system may have a different retention period than medical records or education records held within your system, please
be sure to list each of these retention periods. **The VA records officer should be consulted early in the development process to ensure that appropriate retention and destruction schedules are implemented.** If the system is using cloud technology, will it be following the NARA approved retention length and schedule? This question is related to privacy control DM-2, Data Retention and Disposal.

DAS is not the original point of collection for data—source system owners are responsible for information retention within the systems that DAS uses for analytics. Generally, records are retained as long as required per National Archivist and Records Administration (NARA) standards (Reference: GRS Schedule 1.1, Item #10. Link: [grs01-1.pdf](https://archives.gov)). Retention length in GRS Schedule 1.1, Item #10 destroy 6 years after final payment or cancellation, but longer retention is authorized if required for business use.”

### 3.3 Has the retention schedule been approved by the VA records office and the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA)?

An approved records schedule must be obtained for any IT system that allows the retrieval of a record via a personal identifier. The VA records officer will assist in providing a proposed schedule. The schedule must be formally offered to NARA for official approval. Once NARA approves the proposed schedule, the VA records officer will notify the system owner. Please work with the system Privacy Officer and VA Records Officer to answer these questions. This question is related to privacy control DM-2, Data Retention and Disposal.

#### 3.3a Are all records stored within the system of record indicated on an approved disposition authority?

Each owning service is required to file plans identifying what records they are maintaining. Approved NARA GRS are identified, [Link: grs01-1.pdf](https://archives.gov)] and specific retention guidelines are documented and followed in accordance with VA Handbook 6300.1, Records Management Procedures.

#### 3.3b Please indicate each records retention schedule, series, and disposition authority?

Each owning service is required to file plans identifying what records they are maintaining. Approved NARA GRS are identified, and specific retention guidelines are documented and followed in accordance with VA Handbook 6300.1, Records Management Procedures.

### 3.4 What are the procedures for the elimination or transfer of SPI?

**Explain how records are destroyed, eliminated or transferred to NARA at the end of their mandatory retention period. Please give the details of the process. For example, are paper records shredded on site, or by a shredding company and accompanied by a certificate of destruction, etc.? This question is related to privacy control DM-2, Data Retention and Disposal.**

Electronic records are retained as long as required (GRS Schedule 1.1, Item #10), and are destroyed IAW NARA disposition instructions. Additionally, DAS follows Field Security Service (FSS) Bulletin #176 dated April 9, 2014, for Media Sanitization Program as well as FSS Standing Operating Procedures (SOP) MP-6, Electronic Media Sanitization. Information Technology Services/Database Administration has procedures to automate the destruction of media at the appropriate time based on published NARA
3.5 Does the system, where feasible, use techniques to minimize the risk to privacy by using PII for research, testing, or training?

Organizations often use PII for testing new applications or information systems prior to deployment. Organizations also use PII for research purposes and for training. These uses of PII increase the risks associated with the unauthorized disclosure or misuse of the information. Please explain what controls have been implemented to protect PII used for testing, training and research. This question is related to privacy control DM-3, Minimization of PII Used in Testing, Training and Research.

DAS does not use PII for research, testing, or training.

3.6 PRIVACY IMPACT ASSESSMENT: Retention of information

Discuss the risks associated with the length of time data is retained and what steps, if any, are currently being taken to mitigate those identified risks. (Work with your System ISSO to complete all Privacy Risk questions inside the document this section).

While we understand that establishing retention periods for records is a formal process, there are policy considerations behind how long a project keeps information. The longer a project retains information, the longer it needs to secure the information and assure its accuracy and integrity. The proposed schedule should match the requirements of the Privacy Act to keep the minimum amount of PII for the minimum amount of time, while meeting the Federal Records Act. The schedule should align with the stated purpose and mission of the system.

Consider the following FIPPs below to assist in providing a response:

Principle of Minimization: Does the project retain only the information necessary for its purpose? Is the PII retained only for as long as necessary and relevant to fulfill the specified purposes?

Principle of Data Quality and Integrity: Has the PIA described policies and procedures for how PII that is no longer relevant and necessary is purged? This question is related to privacy controls DM-1, Minimization of Personally Identifiable Information, and DM-2, Data Retention and Disposal.

Follow the format below:

Privacy Risk: There is a risk that the information maintained by the host systems will be retained for longer than is necessary to fulfill the VA mission. Records held longer than required are at greater risk of being unintentionally released or breached.

Mitigation: In addition to collecting and retaining only information necessary for fulfilling the VA mission, the disposition of data housed in host systems is based on standards developed by the National Archives Records Administration (NARA), which ensures that data are held for only as long as necessary. The Records Manager ensures data retention policies and procedures are followed, whereas the Privacy Officer, Information Security Officer, and Chief Information Officer monitor controls to mitigate any breaches of security and privacy.
Section 4. Internal Sharing/Receiving/Transmitting and Disclosure

The following questions are intended to define the scope of information sharing/receiving/transmitting within VA.

4.1 With which internal organizations is information shared/received/transmitted? What information is shared/received/transmitted, and for what purpose? How is the information transmitted?

NOTE: Question 3.9 (second table) on Privacy Threshold Analysis should be used to answer this question.

Identify and list the names of any program offices, contractor-supported IT systems, and any other organization or IT system within VA with which information is shared.

State the purpose for the internal sharing. If you have specific authority to share the information, provide a citation to the authority.

For each interface with a system outside your program office, state what specific data elements (PII/PHI) are shared with the specific program office, contractor-supported IT system, and any other organization or IT system within VA.

Describe how the information is transmitted. For example, is the information transmitted electronically, by paper, or by some other means? Is the information shared in bulk, on a case-by-case basis, or does the sharing partner have direct access to the information?

This question is related to privacy controls AP-2, Purpose Specification, AR-3, Privacy Requirements for Contractors and Service Providers, AR-8, Accounting of Disclosures, TR-1, Privacy Notice, and UL-1, Internal Use.

### Data Shared with Internal Organizations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>List the Program Office or IT System information is shared/received with</th>
<th>List the purpose of the information being shared/received with the specified program office or IT system</th>
<th>List the specific PII/PHI data elements that are processed (shared/received/transmitted) with the Program Office or IT system</th>
<th>Describe the method of transmittal</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Financial Services Center, and related satellites | Oversight, compliance; descriptive and diagnostic analytics | • Name  
• Social Security Number  
• Date of Birth  
• Personal Mailing Address  
• Personal Phone Number(s)  
• Personal Email Address  
• Emergency Contact Information (Name, Consumer license through BI&A platform (VA internal web client)) | |

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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>List the Program Office or IT System information is shared/received with</th>
<th>List the purpose of the information being shared/received with the specified program office or IT system</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
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<td></td>
<td>Phone Number, etc. of a different individual)</td>
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<td></td>
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<td>• Financial Information</td>
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<td>• Health Insurance</td>
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<td>• Beneficiary Numbers</td>
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<td>• Tax Identification Number</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Military History/Service Connection</td>
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<td></td>
<td>• Other Data Elements (Employee ID)</td>
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<tr>
<td>National cemetery Administration (NCA)</td>
<td>Oversight, compliance; operational improvement; descriptive and diagnostic analytics</td>
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<td>• Personal Mailing Address</td>
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<td>• Personal Phone Number(s)</td>
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<td>• Emergency Contact Information (Name, Phone Number, etc. of a different individual)</td>
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<td>• Financial Information</td>
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<td>• Health Insurance</td>
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<td></td>
<td>• Military History/Service Connection</td>
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<td>• Other Data Elements (Employee ID)</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Integrated Veteran Care (IVC)</td>
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<td></td>
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<td>• Social Security Number</td>
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<td>• Personal Mailing Address</td>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>List the Program Office or IT System information is shared/received with</th>
<th>List the purpose of the information being shared/received with the specified program office or IT system</th>
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<th>Describe the method of transmittal</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| VA Corporate Travel and Charge Card Service (CTCCS) | Oversight, compliance; descriptive, diagnostic, and predictive analytics | • Personal Email Address  
• Emergency Contact Information (Name, Phone Number, etc. of a different individual)  
• Financial Information  
• Health Insurance Beneficiary Numbers  
• Account Numbers  
• Tax Identification Number  
• Military History/Service Connection  
• Other Data Elements (Employee ID) | Consumer license through BI&A platform (VA internal web client) |
| VA Office of Finance (OF) | Oversight, compliance; descriptive, diagnostic, and predictive analytics | • Name  
• Social Security Number  
• Date of Birth  
• Personal Mailing Address  
• Personal Phone Number(s)  
• Personal Email Address  
• Emergency Contact Information (Name, Phone Number, etc. of a different individual)  
• Financial Information  
• Health Insurance Beneficiary Numbers  
• Account Numbers  
• Tax Identification Number  
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• Other Data Elements (Employee ID) | Consumer license through BI&A platform (VA internal web client) |
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| • Personal Mailing Address  
• Personal Phone Number(s)  
• Personal Email Address  
• Emergency Contact Information (Name, Phone Number, etc. of a different individual)  
• Financial Information  
• Health Insurance Beneficiary Numbers  
• Account Numbers  
• Tax Identification Number  
• Military History/Service Connection  
• Other Data Elements (Employee ID) | | internal web client | |
| VA Office of Integrity and Compliance (OIC) | Oversight, compliance, risk identification and mitigation; descriptive, diagnostic, and predictive analytics | • Name  
• Social Security Number  
• Date of Birth  
• Personal Mailing Address  
• Personal Phone Number(s)  
• Personal Email Address  
• Emergency Contact Information (Name, Phone Number, etc. of a different individual)  
• Financial Information  
• Health Insurance Beneficiary Numbers  
• Account Numbers  
• Tax Identification Number  
• Military History/Service Connection  
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<th>Describe the method of transmittal</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| VA Central Office (VACO) | Oversight, compliance, risk identification and mitigation; descriptive, diagnostic, and predictive analytics | • Name  
• Social Security Number  
• Date of Birth  
• Personal Mailing Address  
• Personal Phone Number(s)  
• Personal Email Address  
• Emergency Contact Information (Name, Phone Number, etc. of a different individual)  
• Financial Information  
• Health Insurance Beneficiary Numbers  
• Account Numbers  
• Tax Identification Number  
• Military History/Service Connection  
• Other Data Elements (Employee ID) | Consumer license through BI&A platform (VA internal web client) |
| FSC Local/Satellite Payroll Offices | Oversight, compliance; descriptive and diagnostic analytics | • Name  
• Social Security Number  
• Date of Birth  
• Personal Mailing Address  
• Personal Phone Number(s)  
• Personal Email Address  
• Emergency Contact Information (Name, Phone Number, etc. of a different individual)  
• Financial Information  
• Health Insurance Beneficiary Numbers  
• Account Numbers  
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<th>Describe the method of transmittal</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Veteran Benefits Administration (VBA) | Oversight, compliance, risk identification and mitigation; descriptive, diagnostic, and predictive analytics | - Military History/Service Connection  
- Other Data Elements (Employee ID) | Consumer license through BI&A platform (VA internal web client) |
| Veteran Health Administration (VHA) | Oversight, compliance, risk identification and mitigation; descriptive, diagnostic, and predictive analytics | - Name  
- Social Security Number  
- Date of Birth  
- Personal Mailing Address  
- Personal Phone Number(s)  
- Personal Email Address  
- Emergency Contact Information (Name, Phone Number, etc. of a different individual)  
- Financial Information  
- Health Insurance Beneficiary Numbers  
- Account Numbers  
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Office of Information Technology (OIT)</td>
<td>Oversight, compliance, risk identification and mitigation; descriptive, diagnostic, and predictive analytics</td>
<td>• Health Insurance Beneficiary Numbers Account Numbers • Tax Identification Number • Military History/Service Connection • Other Data Elements (Employee ID)</td>
<td>Consumer license through BI&amp;A platform (VA internal web client)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4.2 PRIVACY IMPACT ASSESSMENT: Internal sharing and disclosure

Discuss the privacy risks associated with the sharing of information within the Department and what steps, if any, are currently being taken to mitigate those identified risks. (Work with your System ISSO to complete all Privacy Risk questions inside the document this section).

This question is related to privacy control UL-1, Internal Use.

Follow the format below:
**Privacy Risk:** There is a risk that DAS users may be able to access and use DAS system information to which they normally do not have access. There is a risk that users may use DAS to mine data, which falls under the Federal Agency Data Mining Reporting Act.

**Mitigation:** Users are granted role-based access to the system interconnections with DAS. Before gaining access to DAS, a user must submit a request for access that routes through supervisory and subject area owner channels. Systems administration and information security will have accessibility to user logs that allow identification of users. Coupled with the user access review process, routine and recurrent monitoring by information security and DAS application management will mitigate the potential for unauthorized use.

Should the use of DAS change to include data mining that falls under the Federal Agency Data Mining Reporting Act, Data Analytics Service (DAS) will suspend access by the mining entity.

**Section 5. External Sharing/Receiving and Disclosure**

The following questions are intended to define the content, scope, and authority for information sharing external to VA, which includes Federal, State, and local governments, and the private sector.

5.1 With which external organizations (outside VA) is information shared/received? What information is shared/received, and for what purpose? How is the information transmitted and what measures are taken to ensure it is secure?

Is the sharing of information outside the agency compatible with the original collection? If so, is it covered by an appropriate routine use in a SORN? If not, please describe under what legal mechanism the IT system is allowed to share the information in identifiable form or personally identifiable information outside of VA.

**NOTE:** Question 3.10 on Privacy Threshold Analysis should be used to answer this question.

Identify and list the names of any Federal, State, or local government agency or private sector organization with which information is shared.

*For each interface with a system outside VA, state what specific data elements (PII/PHI) are shared with each specific partner.*

What legal mechanisms, authoritative agreements, documentation, or policies are in place detailing the extent of the sharing and the duties of each party? For example, is the sharing of data compatible with your SORN? Then list the SORN and the applicable routine use from the SORN. Is there a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU), Computer Matching Agreement (CMA), or law that mandates the sharing of this information?

*Describe how the information is transmitted to entities external to VA and what security measures have been taken to protect it during transmission.*

*This question is related to privacy control UL-2, Information Sharing with Third Parties*
## List External Program Office or IT System information is shared/received with

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>List External Program Office or IT System information is shared/received with</th>
<th>List the purpose of information being shared / received / transmitted with the specified program office or IT system</th>
<th>List the specific PII/PHI data elements that are processed (shared/received/transmitted) with the Program or IT system</th>
<th>List the legal authority, binding agreement, SORN routine use, etc. that permit external sharing (can be more than one)</th>
<th>List the method of transmission and the measures in place to secure data</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
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</table>

### 5.2 PRIVACY IMPACT ASSESSMENT: External sharing and disclosure

Discuss the privacy risks associated with the sharing of information outside the Department and what steps, if any, are currently being taken to mitigate those identified risks.

*If no External Sharing listed on the table above, (State there is no external sharing in both the risk and mitigation fields).*

Discuss whether access controls have been implemented and whether audit logs are regularly reviewed to ensure appropriate sharing outside of the Department. For example, is there a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU), contract, or agreement in place with outside agencies or foreign governments.

*Discus how the sharing of information outside of the Department is compatible with the stated purpose and use of the original collection.*

This question is related to privacy control AR-2, Privacy Impact and Risk Assessment, AR-3, Privacy Requirements for Contractors and Service Providers, and AR-4, Privacy Monitoring and Auditing

Follow the format below:

**Privacy Risk:** As DAS does not share data with external organizations at this time, there are minimal to no privacy risks to the data maintained in the system.

**Mitigation:** N/A

### Section 6. Notice

The following questions are directed at providing notice to the individual of the scope of information collected, the right to consent to uses of the information, and the right to decline to provide information.
6.1 Was notice provided to the individual before collection of the information? If yes, please provide a copy of the notice as an Appendix-A 6.1 on the last page of the document. Also provide notice given to individuals by the source system (A notice may include a posted privacy policy, a Privacy Act notice on forms, or a system of records notice published in the Federal Register.) If notice was not provided, why not?

These questions are related to privacy control TR-1, Privacy Notice, and TR-2, System of Records Notices and Privacy Act Statements, and TR-3, Dissemination of Privacy Program Information.

6.1a This question is directed at the notice provided before collection of the information. This refers to whether the person is aware that his or her information is going to be collected. A notice may include a posted privacy policy, a Privacy Act statement on forms, or a SORN published in the Federal Register, Notice of Privacy Practice provided to individuals for VHA systems. If notice was provided in the Federal Register, provide the citation.

DAS collects and integrates data from a multitude of sources. DAS and its supporting personnel do not interact directly with individuals to collect PII data, although DAS uses data containing PII found in other systems. As data are reutilized in accordance with the source system authority, no notification is necessary, as any data corrections will occur in the source system, not within DAS. Individuals, upon request, are referred to the source system sponsor or owner if questions arise with respect to relevant SORN stated usages and implementation within DAS.

6.1b If notice was not provided, explain why. If it was provided, attach a copy of the current notice. DAS collects and integrates data from a multitude of sources. DAS and its supporting personnel do not interact directly with individuals to collect PII data, although DAS uses data containing PII found in other systems.

6.1c Describe how the notice provided for the collection of information is adequate to inform those affected by the system that their information has been collected and is being used appropriately. Provide information on any notice provided on forms or on Web sites associated with the collection.

As data are reutilized in accordance with the source system authority, no notification is necessary, as any data corrections will occur in the source system, not within DAS. Individuals, upon request, are referred to the source system sponsor or owner if questions arise with respect to relevant SORN’s stated usages and implementation within DAS. The DAS Cloud system purpose to provide analytics and Dashboards to customers. DAS Cloud collects information from other systems and integrates them for purpose of analytics and reporting. The DAS Cloud does not collect information directly from users but from other source systems.

6.2 Do individuals have the opportunity and right to decline to provide information? If so, is a penalty or denial of service attached?

This question is directed at whether the person from or about whom information is collected can decline to provide the information and if so, whether a penalty or denial of service is attached. This question is related to privacy control IP-1, Consent, IP-2, Individual Access, and IP-3, Redress. Individuals could decline to provide information in accordance with (IAW) system privacy notices and SORNs. DAS does not provide specific notice prior to the collection of information because DAS is not the original point of collection.
6.3 Do individuals have the right to consent to particular uses of the information? If so, how does the individual exercise the right?

This question is directed at whether an individual may provide consent for specific uses, or the consent is given to cover all uses (current or potential) of his or her information. If specific consent is required, how would the individual consent to each use? This question is related to privacy control IP-1, Consent.

Individuals may not directly access their information in DAS. Individuals seeking access to their information should follow the directions in the source systems PIAs and relevant SORNs.

6.4 PRIVACY IMPACT ASSESSMENT: Notice

Describe the potential risks associated with potentially insufficient notice and what steps, if any, are currently being taken to mitigate those identified risks. (Work with your System ISSO to complete all Privacy Risk questions inside the document this section).

Consider the following FIPPs below to assist in providing a response:

Principle of Transparency: Has sufficient notice been provided to the individual?

Principle of Use Limitation: Is the information used only for the purpose for which notice was provided either directly to the individual or through a public notice? What procedures are in place to ensure that information is used only for the purpose articulated in the notice?

This question is related to privacy control TR-1, Privacy Notice, AR-2, Privacy Impact and Risk Assessment, and UL-1, Internal Use.

Follow the format below:

Privacy Risk: Veterans and other members of the public may not know that DAS exists or that the system collects, analyzes, and/or disseminates PII and other SPI about them.

Mitigation: FSC mitigates this risk by clarifying DAS role through this PIA and the SORNs covering the various systems interacting with DAS. Individuals, upon request, are referred to the source system owner or sponsor.

Section 7. Access, Redress, and Correction

The following questions are directed at an individual’s ability to ensure the accuracy of the information collected about him or her.

7.1 What are the procedures that allow individuals to gain access to their information?

These questions are related to privacy control IP-2, Individual Access, and AR-8, Accounting of Disclosures.

7.1a Cite any procedures or regulations your program has in place that allow access to information. These procedures, at a minimum, should include the agency’s FOIA/Privacy Act practices, but may also include additional access provisions. For example, if your program has a customer
satisfaction unit, that information, along with phone and email contact information, should be listed in this section in addition to the agency’s procedures. See 5 CFR 294 and the VA FOIA Web page at http://www.foia.va.gov/ to obtain information about FOIA points of contact and information about agency FOIA processes.

Individuals may not directly access their information in DAS. Individuals seeking access to their information should follow the directions provided in the source systems PIAs and SORNs. Individuals may request access to their information by submitting a Privacy Act request unless the information is covered by an appropriate exemption from one or more of the Privacy Act requirements. To obtain access to his or her information, the individual would have to make either a Freedom of Information Act or Privacy Act request. Individuals who are seeking information pertaining to them are directed to clearly mark the envelope and letter “Privacy Act Request.” Within the text of the request, the subject of the record must provide his/her full name, date and place of birth, and notarized signature, and any other information that may assist in identifying and locating the record, and a return address.

7.1b If the system is exempt from the access provisions of the Privacy Act, please explain the basis for the exemption or cite the source where this explanation may be found, for example, a Final Rule published in the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR)?

   Not Exempt.

7.1c If the system is not a Privacy Act system, please explain what procedures and regulations are in place that covers an individual gaining access to his or her information?

   Individuals may access their information IAW privacy notices provided by the systems of collection.

7.2 What are the procedures for correcting inaccurate or erroneous information?

Describe the procedures and provide contact information for the appropriate person to whom such issues should be addressed? If the correction procedures are the same as those given in question 7.1, state as much. This question is related to privacy control IP-3, Redress, and IP-4, Complaint Management.

   DAS itself does not permit individuals to amend erroneous information. Individuals seeking to correct inaccurate or erroneous information should follow the instructions provided in the source system SORN.

7.3 How are individuals notified of the procedures for correcting their information?

   How are individuals made aware of the procedures for correcting his or her information? This may be through notice at collection or other similar means. This question is meant to address the risk that even if procedures exist to correct information, if an individual is not made fully aware of the existence of those procedures, then the benefits of the procedures are significantly weakened. This question is related to privacy control IP-3, Redress, and IP-4, Complaint Management.

   Individuals wishing to correct their personal information (whether medical, education, benefits, claims, or otherwise) would follow the respective data owner’s processes/procedures.
7.4 If no formal redress is provided, what alternatives are available to the individual?

Redress is the process by which an individual gains access to his or her records and seeks corrections or amendments to those records. Redress may be provided through the Privacy Act and Freedom of Information Act (FOIA), and also by other processes specific to a program, system, or group of systems. **Example:** Some projects allow users to directly access and correct/update their information online. This helps ensure data accuracy.

This question is related to privacy control IP-3, Redress, and IP-4, Complaint Management. Redress processes are defined in 7.1 and 7.2 in this PIA. DAS stores and transmits data but do not process or correct it. Veterans may correct information IAW guiding processes/procedures developed by the organization owning the system data.

7.5 PRIVACY IMPACT ASSESSMENT: Access, redress, and correction

Discuss what risks there currently are related to the Department’s access, redress, and correction policies and procedures for this system and what, if any, steps have been taken to mitigate those risks. **For example,** if a project does not allow individual access, the risk of inaccurate data needs to be discussed in light of the purpose of the project. For example, providing access to ongoing law enforcement activities could negatively impact the program’s effectiveness because the individuals involved might change their behavior. (Work with your System ISSO to complete all Privacy Risk questions inside the document this section).

Consider the following FIPPs below to assist in providing a response:

**Principle of Individual Participation:** Is the individual provided with the ability to find out whether a project maintains a record relating to him?

**Principle of Individual Participation:** If access and/or correction is denied, then is the individual provided notice as to why the denial was made and how to challenge such a denial?

**Principle of Individual Participation:** Is there a mechanism by which an individual is able to prevent information about him obtained for one purpose from being used for other purposes without his knowledge?

This question is related to privacy control IP-3, Redress.

Follow the format below:

**Privacy Risk:** Veterans may not be given an adequate opportunity to correct information that DAS processes.

**Mitigation:** The VA FSC does not claim any Privacy Act exemptions for DAS. Individuals may submit a redress request or appeal as stated in the VA Privacy Act regulations.

**Section 8. Technical Access and Security**

The following questions are intended to describe technical safeguards and security measures.

8.1 What procedures are in place to determine which users may access the system, and are they documented?
These questions are related to privacy control AR-7, Privacy-Enhanced System Design and Development.

8.1a Describe the process by which an individual receives access to the system?

DAS enforces strict access controls. Only users with a ‘need to know’ are able to access the data and produce reports. As a new user is defined for DAS, roles are assigned. Each role has one or more profiles associated with it. The Separation of Duties concept for DAS is applied in accordance with VA policy and procedures. In addition, for management of DAS, different personnel staff DAS System Administrators and DAS ISO positions. All access requests and changes must be processed by at least two people. There are three roles available in DAS: • Analyst • Developer • Consumer. Of the three roles, the analyst and developer roles have the widest capability and can create, read, update, and delete inside DAS. The consumer role has the most restrictive capability and can only read inside DAS. Read capability is further restricted to DAS products that are specifically requested and approved by the user’s supervisor or program manager. Individuals having temporary access to DAS will undergo an extensive high-level Tier 2 background check and will be provided read access only to data tables created by DAS staff. Contractors who have read and write access to DAS complete a Tier 2 High Level background check and undergo Privacy and Information Security/Rules of Behavior training.

8.1b Identify users from other agencies who may have access to the system and under what roles these individuals have access to the system. Who establishes the criteria for what PII can be shared?

Currently only VA employees and contractors have access to data and dashboards. No one from any other agencies have access to the data or dashboards.

8.1c Describe the different roles in general terms that have been created to provide access to the system? For example, certain users may have "read-only" access while others may be permitted to make certain amendments or changes to the information.

There are three roles available in DAS: analyst, business author, and consumer. Of the three roles, the analyst role has the widest capability and can create, read, update, and delete inside DAS. The business author role can read and update inside DAS; whereas the consumer role has the most restrictive capability and can only read inside DAS. Read capability is further restricted to DAS products that are specifically requested and approved by the user’s supervisor or program manager. Individuals having temporary access to DAS will undergo an extensive high-level Tier 2 background check and will be provided read access only to data tables created by DAS staff. Contractors who have read and write access to DAS complete a Tier 2 High Level background check and undergo Privacy and Information Security/Rules of Behavior training.

8.2 Will VA contractors have access to the system and the PII? If yes, what involvement will contractors have with the design and maintenance of the system? Has a contractor confidentiality agreement, Business Associate Agreement (BAA), or a Non-Disclosure Agreement (NDA) been developed for contractors who work on the system?

If so, how frequently are contracts reviewed and by whom? Describe the necessity of the access provided to contractors to the system and whether clearance is required. If Privacy Roles and Responsibilities have been established to restrict certain users to different access levels, please
describe the roles and associated access levels. Explain the need for VA contractors to have access to the PII. This question is related to privacy control AR-3, Privacy Requirements for Contractors, and Service Providers.

VA contractors require access to the system to comply with performance work statement requirements. VA contractor access is required for development and/or consumption of DAS products based on their position inside the VA FSC. Contractors are employed by the Data Analytics Division in architectural, analytic, and programmatic roles and require full access to fulfill the terms of their contracts. Contractors not in the Data Analytics Division may require access in the consumer role to fulfill their duties in their contracted role. Clearance to access to DAS is determined at the time of hire, or the time of DAS product deployment. Access is controlled per 8.1 of this PIA. Contracts are reviewed quarterly for performance purposes by upper management and the assigned contracting officers. VA contractors also sign an NDA as part of on boarding.

8.3 Describe what privacy training is provided to users either generally or specifically relevant to the program or system?

VA offers privacy and security training. Each program or system may offer training specific to the program or system that touches on information handling procedures and sensitivity of information. Please describe how individuals who have access to PII are trained to handle it appropriately. This question is related to privacy control AR-5, Privacy Awareness and Training.

All users are required to complete the following training items annually: VA Privacy and Information Security Awareness and Rules of Behavior Privacy and HIPAA Training. Additional training is required for specialized roles in DAS: Information Security Role-Based Training for Data Managers (WBT).

8.4 Has Authorization and Accreditation (A&A) been completed for the system?

8.4a If Yes, provide:

2. The System Security Plan Status Date: Oct 31, 2023
3. The Authorization Status: 3-year ATO was granted.
4. The Authorization Date: Aug 17, 2022
5. The Authorization Termination Date: Aug 17, 2025
6. The Risk Review Completion Date: Mar 8, 2023
7. The FIPS 199 classification of the system (LOW/MODERATE/HIGH): HIGH

Please note that all systems containing SPI are categorized at a minimum level of “moderate” under Federal Information Processing Standards Publication 199.

8.4b If No or In Process, provide your Initial Operating Capability (IOC) date.

N/A
Section 9 – Technology Usage

The following questions are used to identify the technologies being used by the IT system or project.

9.1 Does the system use cloud technology? If so, what cloud model is being utilized?
   If so, Does the system have a FedRAMP provisional or agency authorization? If the system does use cloud technology, but does not have FedRAMP authorization, explain how the Cloud Service Provider (CSP) solution was assessed and what FedRAMP documents and processes were used for the assessment in order to comply with VA Handbook 6517. Types of cloud models include: Software as a Service (SaaS), Infrastructure as a Service (IaaS), Platform as a Service (PaaS), Commercial off the Shelf (COTS), Desktop as a Service (DaaS), Mobile Backend as a Service (MBaaS), Information Technology Management as a Service (ITMaaS). This question is related to privacy control UL-1, Information Sharing with Third Parties.
   Note: For systems utilizing the VA Enterprise Cloud (VAEC), no further responses are required after 9.1. (Refer to question 3.3.1 of the PTA)
   Yes, the system does use cloud technology via PaaS. Other technology integrations will be utilized per OI&T recommendations/requirements. Additionally, the system operates within the VAEC boundary.

9.2 Does the contract with the Cloud Service Provider, Contractors and VA customers establish who has ownership rights over data including PII? (Provide contract number and supporting information about PII/PHI from the contract). (Refer to question 3.3.2 of the PTA) This question is related to privacy control AR-3, Privacy Requirements for Contractors, and Service Providers.
   N/A

9.3 Will the CSP collect any ancillary data and if so, who has ownership over the ancillary data?
   Per NIST 800-144, cloud providers hold significant details about the accounts of cloud consumers that could be compromised and used in subsequent attacks. Ancillary data also involves information the cloud provider collects or produces about customer-related activity in the cloud. It includes data collected to meter and charge for consumption of resources, logs and audit trails, and other such metadata that is generated and accumulated within the cloud environment.
   This question is related to privacy control DI-1, Data Quality.
   N/A

9.4 NIST 800-144 states, “Organizations are ultimately accountable for the security and privacy of data held by a cloud provider on their behalf.” Is this principle described in contracts with customers? Why or why not?
   What are the roles and responsibilities involved between the organization and cloud provider, particularly with respect to managing risks and ensuring organizational requirements are met?
   This question is related to privacy control AR-3, Privacy Requirements for Contractors and Service Providers.
   N/A
9.5 If the system is utilizing Robotics Process Automation (RPA), please describe the role of the bots.

Robotic Process Automation is the use of software scripts to perform tasks as an automated process that executes in parallel with or in place of human input. For example, will the automation move or touch PII/PHI information. RPA may also be referred to as “Bots” or Artificial Intelligence (AI).

N/A
## Section 10. References

### Summary of Privacy Controls by Family

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>ID</th>
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<tr>
<td>AP</td>
<td>Authority and Purpose</td>
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<td>AP-1</td>
<td>Purpose Specification</td>
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<td><strong>AR</strong> Accountability, Audit, and Risk Management</td>
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<td>AR-1 Governance and Privacy Program</td>
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<td>AR-3</td>
<td>Privacy Requirements for Contractors and Service Providers</td>
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<td>AR-4 Privacy Monitoring and Auditing</td>
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<td>AR-5</td>
<td>Privacy Awareness and Training</td>
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<td>AR-7</td>
<td>Privacy-Enhanced System Design and Development</td>
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<td>Accounting of Disclosures</td>
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<td>DM-2 Data Retention and Disposal</td>
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<td>TR-3 Dissemination of Privacy Program Information</td>
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<td>UL-2 Information Sharing with Third Parties</td>
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</table>
Signature of Responsible Officials

The individuals below attest that the information they provided in this Privacy Impact Assessment is true and accurate.

MARK WILSON
Digitally signed by MARK WILSON
Date: 2023.11.27 14:45:47 -06'00'

Privacy Officer, Mark A. Wilson

RITO-ANTHONY BRISBANE
Digitally signed by RITO-ANTHONY BRISBANE
Date: 2023.11.28 07:31:17 -06'00'

Information System Security Officer, Rito-Anthony Brisbane

JONATHAN LINDOW
Digitally signed by JONATHAN LINDOW
Date: 2023.11.30 09:00:10 -06'00'

Information System Owner, Jonathan Lindow
APPENDIX A-6.1

Please provide a link to the notice or verbiage referred to in Section 6 (a notice may include a posted privacy policy; a Privacy Act notice on forms; screen shot of a website collection privacy notice).
HELPFUL LINKS:

General Records Schedule
https://www.archives.gov/records-mgmt/grs.html

National Archives (Federal Records Management):
https://www.archives.gov/records-mgmt/grs

VA Publications:
https://www.va.gov/vapubs/

VA Privacy Service Privacy Hub:
https://dvagov.sharepoint.com/sites/OITPrivacyHub

Notice of Privacy Practice (NOPP):
VHA Notice of Privacy Practices
VHA Handbook 1605.04: Notice of Privacy Practices