



Privacy Impact Assessment for the VA IT System called:

Foreign Medical Program-Electronic Funds Transfer (FMP-EFT)

Veterans Health Administration (VHA)

Office of Integrated Veteran Care (IVC)

eMASS ID# 2393

Date PIA submitted for review:

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System Contacts:

System Contacts

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Abstract

The abstract provides the simplest explanation for “what does the system do?”.

Foreign Medical Program-Electronic Funds Transfer (FMP-EFT) seeks to augment Veterans' experience when dealing with foreign medical treatment claims. FMP has initiated this project as a means of moving towards an Electronic Fund Transfer (EFT) Payment's solution as the main mode of payment for benefits.

Overview

The overview is the most important section of the PIA. A thorough and clear overview gives the reader the appropriate context to understand the responses in the PIA. The overview should contain the following elements:

1 General Description

A. What is the IT system name and the name of the program office that owns the IT system?

Foreign Medical Program-Electronic Funds Transfer (FMP-EFT) is owned by the Office of Integrated Veteran Care.

B. What is the business purpose of the program, IT system, or technology and how it relates to the program office and agency mission?

The Foreign Medical Program reimburses Veteran’s adjudicated medical claim for care received in foreign countries by paper check, which is mailed to their address of record. Foreign Medical Program-Electronic Funds Transfer (FMP-EFT) will move the reimbursement of adjudicated medical claim for care received in foreign countries from mailed paper checks to Electronic Funds Transfer to the Veteran’s domestic bank on record. Finally, FPM-EFT will work towards reimbursement of claim by foreign providers for adjudicated Care received by Veteran’s from paper check to electronic funds transfer.

The system will leverage existing payment channels with the FSC and US Treasury to give Veterans the option of receiving FMP payments to their pre-existing bank accounts where their monthly C&P stipend payments are sent. Phase I: To leverage existing payment channels with the Financial Services Center (FSC) and US Treasury to give Veterans the option of receiving FMP timely payments to their pre-existing domestic bank accounts where their monthly Compensation and Pension (C&P) stipend payments are sent by the Veterans Benefits Administration (VBA).

C. Who is the owner or control of the IT system or project?

VA Owned and VA Operated

2. Information Collection and Sharing

D. What is the expected number of individuals whose information is stored in the system and a brief description of the typical client or affected individual?

Approximately 1,800 Veterans with domestic bank accounts with an estimated growth to 30,000 Veterans.

E. What is a general description of the information in the IT system and the purpose for collecting this information?

Disposition Medical Care Payment Claims involves the validation, review, and approval of received claims from third party health care providers. It involves the administrative/financial review (in conjunction with the proper clinical review), validation and approval of eligibility for purchased care benefits (Fee Basis and CHAMPVA). The information collected and utilized by FMP-EFT is all basic contact details and banking information required to process foreign medical treatment claim payments for veterans.

F. What information sharing conducted by the IT system? A general description of the modules and subsystems, where relevant, and their functions.

Payer EDI	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Recipient Name - Date of Birth - Mailing Address - Medical Records - Gender - Tax Identification Number 	S3 to S3 bucket transfer in AWS Gov Cloud
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G. Is the system is operated in more than one site, and if so, a description of how use of the system and PII is maintained consistently in all sites and if the same controls are used across sites?

FMP-EFT is operating in the AWS West GovCloud Region and hosted within the VAEC Amazon AWS. FMP-EFT utilizes AWS Serverless Compute services and Platform as a Service (PaaS) for database functions. The virtual machines (if deployed), operating systems, as well as applications are secured and then validated by both the VAEC cloud team and the VA Software Assurance organization and tracked within the programs ATO.

3. Legal Authority and SORN

H. What is the citation of the legal authority to operate the IT system?

<https://department.va.gov/privacy/system-of-records-notice/>

- SORN: 54VA10NB3, *Veterans and Beneficiaries Purchased Care Community Health Care Claims, Correspondence, Eligibility, Inquiry and Payment Files* - VA (3-3-2015), <https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pkg/FR-2015-03-03/pdf/2015-04312.pdf>
- Legal Authority: Title 38, United States Code, sections 501(a), 501(b), 1703, 1720G, 1724, 1725, 1728, 1781, 1787, 1802, 1803, 1812, 1813, 1821, Public Law 103–446 section 107 and Public Law 111–163 section 101.
- SORN: 147VA10, *Enrollment and Eligibility Records* - VA (8-17-2021), <https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pkg/FR-2021-08-17/pdf/2021-17528.pdf>
- Legal Authority: Title 38, United States Code, 5106.
- SORN: 213VA0475A, *Other Government Agencies* - VA (8-17-2021), <https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pkg/FR-2023-06-12/pdf/2023-12395.pdf>
- Legal Authority: 5 United States Code 301; 44 United States Code 3101; 31 United States Code, 3512; OMB Circular A-123, *Management's Responsibility for Internal Control*; and OMB Circular A-127, *Financial Management Systems*

I. *If the system is in the process of being modified and a SORN exists, will the SORN require amendment or revision and approval? If the system is using cloud technology, does the SORN for the system cover cloud usage or storage?*

No. The SORN does not require amendment or revision of any kind.

4. System Changes

J. *Will the completion of this PIA will result in circumstances that require changes to business processes?*

No. This is the initial PIA.

K. *Will the completion of this PIA could potentially result in technology changes?*

No. This is the initial PIA.

Section 1. Characterization of the Information

The following questions are intended to define the scope of the information requested and collected as well as the reasons for its collection as part of the program, IT system, or technology being developed.

1.1 What information is collected, used, disseminated, created, or maintained in the system?

Identify and list all Sensitive Personal Information (SPI) that is collected and stored in the system, including Individually Identifiable Information (III), Individually Identifiable Health Information (IIHI), Protected Health Information (PHI), and Privacy- Protected Information. For additional information on these information types and definitions, please see VA Directives and Handbooks in the 6500 series (<https://vaww.va.gov/vapubs/>). If the system creates information (for example, a score, analysis, or report), list the information the system is responsible for creating.

If a requesting system receives information from another system, such as a response to a background check, describe what information is returned to the requesting system.
 This question is related to privacy control AP-1, Authority To Collect, and AP-2, Purpose Specification.

Please check any information listed below that your system collects, uses, disseminates, creates, or maintains. If additional SPI is collected, used, disseminated, created, or maintained, please list those in the text box below:

- | | | |
|--|--|--|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Name | <input type="checkbox"/> Health Insurance | <input type="checkbox"/> Integrated Control |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Social Security | <input type="checkbox"/> Beneficiary Numbers | <input type="checkbox"/> Number (ICN) |
| Number | <input type="checkbox"/> Account numbers | <input type="checkbox"/> Military |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Date of Birth | <input type="checkbox"/> Certificate/License | <input type="checkbox"/> History/Service |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Mother's Maiden Name | numbers ¹ | <input type="checkbox"/> Connection |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Personal Mailing | <input type="checkbox"/> Vehicle License Plate | <input type="checkbox"/> Next of Kin |
| Address | Number | <input type="checkbox"/> Other Data Elements |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Personal Phone | <input type="checkbox"/> Internet Protocol (IP) | (list below) |
| Number(s) | <input type="checkbox"/> Address Numbers | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Personal Fax Number | <input type="checkbox"/> Medications | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Personal Email | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Medical Records | |
| Address | <input type="checkbox"/> Race/Ethnicity | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Emergency Contact | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Tax Identification | |
| Information (Name, Phone | Number | |
| Number, etc. of a different | <input type="checkbox"/> Medical Record | |
| individual) | Number | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Financial Information | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Gender | |

Other PII/PHI data elements:

PII Mapping of Components (Servers/Database)

Foreign Medical Program-Electronic Funds Transfer (FMP-EFT) consists of 3 key components (servers/databases/instances/applications/software/application programming interfaces (API). Each component has been analyzed to determine if any elements of that component collect PII. The type of PII collected by **FMP-EFT** and the reasons for the collection of the PII are in the table below.

Note: Due to the PIA being a public facing document, please do not include server names in the table.

Internal Components Table

Component Name (Database, Instances, Application, Software, Application Program Interface (API) etc.) that contains PII/PHI	Does this system collect PII? (Yes/No)	Does this system store PII? (Yes/No)	Type of PII (SSN, DOB, etc.)	Reason for Collection/Storage of PII	Safeguards
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¹ *Specify type of Certificate or License Number (e.g., Occupational, Education, Medical)

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Database (RDS/PostgreSQL) • S3 buckets • Serverless functions (does not contain but processes data) 	Yes	No	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Recipient Name • Date of Birth • Mailing Address • Medical Records • Gender • Tax Identification Number 	Process medical claims payments	Secure VA Network (HTTPS or TLS), AWS Direct Connect, VAEC Trusted Internet Connections (TIC)
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1.2 What are the sources of the information in the system?

These questions are related to privacy controls DI-1, Data Quality, and IP-1, Consent.

1.2a List the individual, entity, or entities providing the specific information identified above. For example, is the information collected directly from the individual as part of an application for a benefit, or is it collected from other sources such as commercial data aggregators?

Veteran' information is provided to FMP-EFT from Payer EDI (PED). FMP-EFT does not collect any information directly from users.

1.2b Describe why information from sources other than the individual is required? For example, if a program's system is using data from a commercial aggregator of information or data taken from public Web sites, state the fact that this is where the information is coming from and then in question indicate why the system is using this source of data.

There are no other sources besides the individual.

1.2c Does the system create information (for example, a score, analysis, or report), list the system as a source of information?

This system does not create information.

1.3 How is the information collected?

These questions are related to privacy controls DI-1, Data Quality, and IP-1, Consent.

1.3a This question is directed at the means of collection from the sources listed in question 1.2. Information may be collected directly from an individual, received via electronic transmission from another system, or created by the system itself. Specifically, is information collected through technologies or other technologies used in the storage or transmission of information in identifiable form?

The Veteran information will be received from Payer EDI (PED) through S3 to S3 (Simple Storage Service) bucket transfers in AWS GovCloud.

1.3b If the information is collected on a form and is subject to the Paperwork Reduction Act, what is the form's OMB control number and the agency form number?

Data is received via a S3 bucket transfer from Payer EDI. Data collection is handled by other systems prior to FMP-EFT receiving it.

1.4 How will the information be checked for accuracy? How often will it be checked?

These questions are related to privacy controls DI-1, Data Quality, and DI-2, Data Integrity and Integrity Board.

1.4a Discuss whether and how often information stored in the system is checked for accuracy. Is information in the system checked against any other source of information (within or outside your organization) before the information is used to make decisions about an individual? For example, is there a computer matching agreement in place with another government agency? For systems that receive data from internal data sources or VA IT systems, describe the system checks to ensure that data corruption has not occurred during transmission.

FMP-EFT does not conduct data accuracy validation. The system is designed to aggregate and de-aggregate information provided to it.

1.4b Does the system check for accuracy by accessing a commercial aggregator of information, describe this process and the levels of accuracy required by the contract?

FMP-EFT does not conduct data accuracy validation.

1.5 What specific legal authorities, arrangements, and agreements defined the collection of information?

List the full legal authority for operating the system, specifically the authority to collect the information listed in question 1.1. Provide the authorities in a manner understandable to any potential reader, i.e., do not simply provide a legal citation; use statute names or regulations in addition to citations. Legal authorities include Federal laws, regulations, statutes, and Executive Orders. This question is related to privacy control AP-1, Authority to Collect

- SORN: 54VA10NB3, *Veterans and Beneficiaries Purchased Care Community Health Care Claims, Correspondence, Eligibility, Inquiry and Payment Files - VA (3-3-2015)*, <https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pkg/FR-2015-03-03/pdf/2015-04312.pdf>
- Legal Authority: Title 38, United States Code, sections 501(a), 501(b), 1703, 1720G, 1724, 1725, 1728, 1781, 1787, 1802, 1803, 1812, 1813, 1821, Public Law 103–446 section 107 and Public Law 111–163 section 101.
- SORN: 147VA10, *Enrollment and Eligibility Records - VA (8-17-2021)*, <https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pkg/FR-2021-08-17/pdf/2021-17528.pdf>
- Legal Authority: Title 38, United States Code, 5106.
- SORN: 213VA0475A, *Other Government Agencies - VA (8-17-2021)*, <https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pkg/FR-2023-06-12/pdf/2023-12395.pdf>

- Legal Authority: 5 United States Code 301; 44 United States Code 3101; 31 United States Code, 3512; OMB Circular A-123, *Management's Responsibility for Internal Control*; and OMB Circular A-127, *Financial Management Systems*

1.6 PRIVACY IMPACT ASSESSMENT: Characterization of the information

Consider the specific data elements collected and discuss the potential privacy risks and what steps, if any are currently being taken to mitigate those identified risks. (Work with your System ISSO to complete this section)

Consider the following Fair Information Practice Principles (FIPPs) when assessing the risk to individual privacy:

Principle of Purpose Specification: Explain how the collection ties with the purpose of the underlying mission of the organization and its enabling authority.

Principle of Minimization: Is the information directly relevant and necessary to accomplish the specific purposes of the program?

Principle of Individual Participation: Does the program, to the extent possible and practical, collect information directly from the individual?

*Principle of Data Quality and Integrity: Are there policies and procedures for VA to ensure that personally identifiable information is accurate, complete, and current?
This question is related to privacy control AR-1, Governance and Privacy Program, and AR-2, Privacy Impact and Risk Assessment.*

Follow the format below when entering your risk assessment:

Privacy Risk: Individuals PII is included in the data provided to the FMP-EFT system to process benefits payments. Risk includes the misuse of PII in the event there is a loss of Confidentiality, Integrity, or Availability of the information/system.

Mitigation: Security audit logging, controlled access via AWS JIT, and very limited persistent access for a few select individuals limit the risk of internal abuse of PII data in AWS. The AWS Privacy Officer is responsible for establishing policies and procedures to safeguard privacy across AWS services. All staff in an engineering role are required to take the annual training on standards of business conduct, which includes security and privacy. Contractors operate under NDAs, contractors with access to customer data and PII must sign additional contract addendums that ensure they understand and agree to AWS's privacy and data handling policies. AWS does not share PII data with other federal customers.

Section 2. Uses of the Information

The following questions are intended to clearly delineate the use of information and the accuracy of the data being used.

2.1 Describe how the information in the system that will be used in support of the program's business purpose.

Identify and list each use (both internal and external to VA) of the information collected or maintained. This question is related to privacy control AP-2, Purpose Specification.

PII/PHI Data Element	Internal Use	External Use
Recipient Name	Contained in files processed as part of the rolling and un-rolling of claims information.	N/A
Personal Mailing Address	Contained in files processed as part of the rolling and un-rolling of claims information.	N/A
Medical Records	Contained in files processed as part of the rolling and un-rolling of claims information.	N/A
Date of Birth	Contained in files processed as part of the rolling and un-rolling of claims information.	N/A
Gender	Contained in files processed as part of the rolling and un-rolling of claims information.	N/A
Tax Identification Number	Contained in files processed as part of the rolling and un-rolling of claims information.	N/A

2.2 What types of tools are used to analyze data and what type of data may be produced?

These questions are related to privacy controls DI-1, Data Quality, DI-2, Data Integrity and Integrity Board, and SE-1, Inventory of Personally Identifiable Information.

2.2a Many systems sift through large amounts of information in response to a user inquiry or programmed functions. Systems may help identify areas that were previously not obvious and need additional research by agents, analysts, or other employees. Some systems perform complex analytical tasks resulting in, among other types of data, matching, relational analysis, scoring, reporting, or pattern analysis. Describe any type of analysis the system conducts and the data that is created from the analysis?

Data analysis not conducted by this system.

2.2b If the system creates or makes available new or previously unutilized information about an individual, explain what will be done with the newly derived information. Will it be placed in the individual's existing record? Will a new record be created? Will any action be taken against or for the individual identified because of the newly derived data? If a new record is created, will the newly

created information be accessible to Government employees who make determinations about the individual? If so, explain fully under which circumstances and by whom that information will be used.

System does not create or make available new or previously unutilized information about individuals.

2.3 How is the information in the system secured?

These questions are related to security and privacy controls SC-9, Transmission Confidentiality, and SC-28, Protection of Information at Rest.

2.3a What measures are in place to protect data in transit and at rest?

Data in Transit (DIT) will utilize HTTPS, and Data at Rest (DAR) will be within an encrypted relational database behind firewalls within AWS GovCloud.

2.3b If the system is collecting, processing, or retaining Social Security Numbers, are there additional protections in place to protect SSNs?

In transit, the SSN will be encrypted within the packet that encapsulates the veteran data. The individual's SSN will be encrypted with the technology provided by the database. Access to system is limited, requires PIV; and access to system and components are audited in accordance with VA 6500. The information received from the VA systems identified are encrypted during transmission.

2.3c How is PII/PHI safeguarded in accordance with OMB Memorandum M-06-15?

Data in Transit (DIT) will utilize HTTPS, and Data at Rest (DAR) will be within an encrypted relational database behind firewalls within AWS GovCloud. Additionally, the required role base access controls will be enforced. Contractor and VA employees are required to take Privacy, HIPAA, and information security training annually. Personnel accessing information systems must read and acknowledge their receipt and acceptance of the VA National Rules of Behavior (ROB) or VA Contractor's ROB prior to gaining access to any VA information system or sensitive inform.

2.4 PRIVACY IMPACT ASSESSMENT: Use of the information.

Describe any types of controls that may be in place to ensure that information is handled in accordance with the uses described above. Example: Describe if training for users of the project covers how to appropriately use information. Describe the disciplinary programs or system controls (i.e. denial of access) that are in place if an individual is inappropriately using the information.

Consider the following FIPPs below to assist in providing a response:

Principle of Transparency: *Is the PIA and SORN, if applicable, clear about the uses of the information?*

Principle of Use Limitation: *Is the use of information contained in the system relevant to the mission of the project?*

This question is related to privacy control AR-4, Privacy Monitoring and Auditing, AR-5, Privacy Awareness and Training, and SE-2, Privacy Incident response.

2.4a How is access to the PII determined?

Based upon user roles and the scope of work requiring access to PII. Users must also complete all required annual security and privacy trainings, as well as review and sign all necessary security agreements such as The Rules of Behavior (ROB) to be granted access.

2.4b Are criteria, procedures, controls, and responsibilities regarding access documented?

Access to PII is limited by the FMP-EFT application to only those data items deemed necessary for stakeholders to perform their job, as determined by their management team and their job description.

System documentation includes detailed system design and user guides that specify those areas of the system that contain PII and PHI, as well as how it is to be used by the stakeholders. Additionally, user roles are implemented to restrict user's access to only the specific information required to perform their job function.

2.4c Does access require manager approval?

Roles within the system are determined and requested by Approved Submitters – Supervisors (COR, VA Program Manager). User access is provided by FMP-EFT System Administrators following receipt of request from appropriate individuals. The FMP-FTP application implements auditing which tracks user access to the system and all data accessed.

2.4d Is access to the PII being monitored, tracked, or recorded?

Yes, it is the responsibility of the project making the request to ensure compliance with VA regulations and policies regarding configurations, privacy restrictions, network access and authorities or operates. (Including but not limited to: VA 6500, TIC, PIA/PTAs, SORN, and application ATO)

2.4e Who is responsible for assuring safeguards for the PII?

System documentation includes detailed system design and user guides that specify those areas of the system that contain PII and PHI, as well as how it is to be used by all FMP-EFT users. Additionally, user roles are implemented to restrict user's access to only the specific information required to perform their job function. Roles within the system are determined and requested by supervisors (Senior Program Analyst or higher). User access is provided by FMP-EFT System Administrators following receipt of request from

appropriate individuals. The FMP-EFT application implements auditing which tracks user access to the system and all data accessed. VHA ensure that the practices stated in the PIA are reinforced by requiring Contractors and VA employees to complete all VA trainings including VA Privacy and Information Security Awareness and Rules of Behavior (VA 10176) and Privacy and HIPAA Training (VA 10203). Contractors and VA employees are required to agree to all rules and regulations outlined in trainings,

Section 3. Retention of Information

The following questions are intended to outline how long information will be retained after the initial collection.

3.1 What information is retained?

*Identify and list all information collected from question 1.1 that is **retained** by the system. This question is related to privacy controls DM-1, Minimization of Personally Identifiable Information, and DM-2, Data Retention and Disposal*

- Recipient Information:
 - Recipient ID
 - Recipient Name
 - Recipient Address
 - Tax ID

3.2 How long is information retained?

*In some cases, VA may choose to retain files in active status and archive them after a certain period of time. State active file retention periods, as well as archived records, in number of years, for the information and record types. For example, financial data held within your system may have a different retention period than medical records or education records held within your system, please be sure to list each of these retention periods. **The VA records officer should be consulted early in the development process to ensure that appropriate retention and destruction schedules are implemented.** If the system is using cloud technology, will it be following the NARA approved retention length and schedule? This question is related to privacy control DM-2, Data Retention and Disposal.*

Files are kept on FMP-EFT for 6 years after the individual receiving care has become ineligible. This follows the Community Care guidance as found in item number 1260.1 Section c (disposition authority N1-15-03-1 item #3)

3.3 Has the retention schedule been approved by the VA records office and the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA)?

An approved records schedule must be obtained for any IT system that allows the retrieval of a record via a personal identifier. The VA records officer will assist in providing a proposed schedule. The schedule must be formally offered to NARA for official approval. Once NARA approves the proposed schedule, the VA records officer will notify the system owner. Please work with the system Privacy Officer and VA Records Officer to answer these questions. This question is related to privacy control DM-2, Data Retention and Disposal.

3.3a Are all records stored within the system of record indicated on an approved disposition authority?

Yes. The item Number 1260.1, Care in the Community, Disposition Authority N1 -15-03-1, Item 3

3.3b Please indicate each records retention schedule, series, and disposition authority?

Retention schedule as approved by the VHA Record Control Schedule and the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA) GRS 1.1: Financial Management and Reporting Records General Records 1.1, Item 10: Temporary. Destroy 6 years after final payment or cancellation, but longer retention is authorized if required for business use. VHA RCS 10-1: [Records Control Schedule 10-1 \(va.gov\)](#)

3.4 What are the procedures for the elimination or transfer of SPI?

Explain how records are destroyed, eliminated or transferred to NARA at the end of their mandatory retention period. Please give the details of the process. For example, are paper records shredded on site, or by a shredding company and accompanied by a certificate of destruction, etc.? This question is related to privacy control DM-2, Data Retention and Disposal.

Electronic data and files of any type, including Protected Health Information (PHI), Sensitive Personal Information (SPI), Human Resources records, and more are destroyed in accordance with the Department of Veterans' Affairs Handbook 6500.1. When required, this data is deleted from their file location and then permanently deleted from the Deleted Items or Recycle bin. Magnetic media is wiped and sent out for destruction per VA Handbook 6500.1. Digital media is shredded or sent out for destruction per VA Handbook 6500.1 and NIST SP800-88r1 as evidenced in the FedRAMP Audit reports. Additionally, the system adheres to the retention of records as required by VA Handbook 6300.1 (Records Management Procedures) and VA Directive 6300 (Records and Information Management). FMP-EFT employees are required to maintain and dispose of records, according to the VHA approved records schedules. Retirement of records requires the use of a VA Form 7468, Request for Disposition of Records, which is authorized for paper and local electronic records.

The FMP-EFT application will follow NIST 800-88 ("Guidelines for Media Sanitization") to destroy data as part of the decommissioning process of any IT storage hardware used in the FMP-EFT application. The Guidelines establish three levels of data destruction: Clear, Purge, and Destroy, that can be applied to different data storage devices. An appropriate destruction method will be chosen based on the memory type (Flash Memory, Magnetic Drives, Optical Devices, Hard Copies etc.) used for the storage. It is VA policy that all Federal records contained

on paper, electronic, or other medium are properly managed from their creation through their final disposition, in accordance with Federal laws.

Regarding temporary paper records, those that contain PII, and VA sensitive information, which are under the jurisdiction of VA, will be handled securely, economically, and effectively and disposed of properly. Written documentation that attests to the completion of the destruction process after the final destruction is required, which could be in the form of a letter, memo, or any format attesting to its complete destruction. This certification is not considered a valid certification of destruction if completed and submitted before the final destruction of the records. The certification should contain sufficient information to attest to the final destruction of the temporary paper records – what temporary records were destroyed, the date when they were destroyed, what destruction method was used, where they were destroyed, and who was responsible for their final destruction.

Paper records are destroyed on site, destruction verification of secure shred containers is verified by the logistics department. The VHA Office of Integrated Veteran Care (IVC) program office has a current shredding contract. No documents leave the facility, and system users are unable to print from a remote location.

3.5 Does the system, where feasible, use techniques to minimize the risk to privacy by using PII for research, testing, or training?

Organizations often use PII for testing new applications or information systems prior to deployment. Organizations also use PII for research purposes and for training. These uses of PII increase the risks associated with the unauthorized disclosure or misuse of the information. Please explain what controls have been implemented to protect PII used for testing, training and research. This question is related to privacy control DM-3, Minimization of PII Used in Testing, Training and Research.

The system will not be used for research, testing, or training.

3.6 PRIVACY IMPACT ASSESSMENT: Retention of information

Discuss the risks associated with the length of time data is retained and what steps, if any, are currently being taken to mitigate those identified risks. (Work with your System ISSO to complete all Privacy Risk questions inside the document this section).

While we understand that establishing retention periods for records is a formal process, there are policy considerations behind how long a project keeps information. The longer a project retains information, the longer it needs to secure the information and assure its accuracy and integrity. The proposed schedule should match the requirements of the Privacy Act to keep the minimum amount of PII for the minimum amount of time, while meeting the Federal Records Act. The schedule should align with the stated purpose and mission of the system.

Consider the following FIPPs below to assist in providing a response:

Principle of Minimization: Does the project retain only the information necessary for its purpose? Is the PII retained only for as long as necessary and relevant to fulfill the specified purposes?

Principle of Data Quality and Integrity: Has the PIA described policies and procedures for how PII that is no longer relevant and necessary is purged?

This question is related to privacy controls DM-1, Minimization of Personally Identifiable Information, and DM-2, Data Retention and Disposal.

Follow the format below:

Privacy Risk: If data is maintained within the FMP EFT system for a longer time-period than what is needed or required, then the risk that the information will be compromised, breached, or unintentionally released to unauthorized individuals increases.

Mitigation: The FMP EFT system adheres to information security requirements instituted by the VA OI&T to secure data with PII in a FISMA-Moderate environment. A Backup Plan and Restore Plan are in place. At a minimum, the plan includes the requirement to save data for the backup and recovery of information stored on the AWS infrastructure, and the retention of records as required by VA Handbook 6300.1 (Records Management Procedures) and VA Directive 6300 (Records and Information Management).

Business Associate Agreements-For all contracts which may have exposure or access to VA Personal Health Information (PHI)/Personally Identifiable Information (PII) information, Functional Categories are assigned by the supervisor and verified annually.

Talent Management System (TMS) training is required annually.

- VA 10176: VA Privacy and Information Security Awareness and Rules of Behavior
- VA 10203: Privacy and HIPAA Training

Section 4. Internal Sharing/Receiving/Transmitting and Disclosure

The following questions are intended to define the scope of information sharing/receiving/transmitting within VA.

4.1 With which internal organizations is information shared/received/transmitted? What information is shared/received/transmitted, and for what purpose? How is the information transmitted?

Identify and list the names of any program offices, contractor-supported IT systems, and any other organization or IT system within VA with which information is shared.

State the purpose for the internal sharing. If you have specific authority to share the information, provide a citation to the authority.

For each interface with a system outside your program office, state what specific data elements (PII/PHI) are shared with the specific program office, contractor-supported IT system, and any other organization or IT system within VA.

Describe how the information is transmitted. For example, is the information transmitted electronically, by paper, or by some other means? Is the information shared in bulk, on a case-by-case basis, or does the sharing partner have direct access to the information?

This question is related to privacy controls AP-2, Purpose Specification, AR-3, Privacy Requirements for Contractors and Service Providers, AR-8, Accounting of Disclosures, TR-1, Privacy Notice, and UL-1, Internal Use.

Data Shared with Internal Organizations

<i>List the Program Office or IT System information is shared/received with</i>	<i>List the purpose of the information being shared /received with the specified program office or IT system</i>	<i>List the specific PII/PHI data elements that are processed (shared/received/transmitted) with the Program Office or IT system</i>	<i>Describe the method of transmittal</i>
Payer Electronic Data Interchange Transactions Applications Suite (Payer EDI)	Adjudication files to process Veterans claims.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Recipient Name • Date of Birth • Mailing Address • Medical Records • Gender • Tax Identification Number 	S3 to S3 bucket transfer in AWS Gov Cloud

4.2 PRIVACY IMPACT ASSESSMENT: Internal sharing and disclosure

Discuss the privacy risks associated with the sharing of information within the Department and what steps, if any, are currently being taken to mitigate those identified risks. (Work with your System ISSO to complete all Privacy Risk questions inside the document this section).

This question is related to privacy control UL-1, Internal Use.

Follow the format below:

Privacy Risk: There is a risk that information may be shared with unauthorized VA programs or systems.

Mitigation: The OI&T develops, disseminates, and periodically reviews and updates access control policies and procedures. OI&T has formally developed an access control policy that addresses purpose, scope, roles, responsibilities, management commitment, and coordination

among other VA entities. The policies and procedures are reviewed on an annual basis by responsible parties and updated as needed.

Section 5. External Sharing/Receiving and Disclosure

The following questions are intended to define the content, scope, and authority for information sharing external to VA, which includes Federal, State, and local governments, and the private sector.

5.1 With which external organizations (outside VA) is information shared/received? What information is shared/received, and for what purpose? How is the information transmitted and what measures are taken to ensure it is secure?

FMP-FTP does not share information externally.

Is the sharing of information outside the agency compatible with the original collection? If so, is it covered by an appropriate routine use in a SORN? If not, please describe under what legal mechanism the IT system is allowed to share the information in identifiable form or personally identifiable information outside of VA.

Identify and list the names of any Federal, State, or local government agency or private sector organization with which information is shared.

For each interface with a system outside VA, state what specific data elements (PII/PHI) are shared with each specific partner.

What legal mechanisms, authoritative agreements, documentation, or policies are in place detailing the extent of the sharing and the duties of each party? For example, is the sharing of data compatible with your SORN? Then list the SORN and the applicable routine use from the SORN. Is there a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU), Computer Matching Agreement (CMA), or law that mandates the sharing of this information?

Describe how the information is transmitted to entities external to VA and what security measures have been taken to protect it during transmission.

This question is related to privacy control UL-2, Information Sharing with Third Parties

Data Shared with External Organizations

<i>List External Program Office or IT System information is shared/received with</i>	<i>List the purpose of information being shared / received / transmitted with the specified program</i>	<i>List the specific PII/PHI data elements that are processed (shared/received/transmitted) with the Program or IT system</i>	<i>List the legal authority, binding agreement, SORN routine use, etc. that permit external sharing (can</i>	<i>List the method of transmission and the measures in place to secure data</i>

	<i>office or IT system</i>		<i>be more than one)</i>	
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

5.2 PRIVACY IMPACT ASSESSMENT: External sharing and disclosure

Discuss the privacy risks associated with the sharing of information outside the Department and what steps, if any, are currently being taken to mitigate those identified risks.

If no External Sharing listed on the table above, (State there is no external sharing in both the risk and mitigation fields).

Discuss whether access controls have been implemented and whether audit logs are regularly reviewed to ensure appropriate sharing outside of the Department. For example, is there a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU), contract, or agreement in place with outside agencies or foreign governments.

Discuss how the sharing of information outside of the Department is compatible with the stated purpose and use of the original collection.

This question is related to privacy control AR-2, Privacy Impact and Risk Assessment, AR-3, Privacy Requirements for Contractors and Service Providers, and AR-4, Privacy Monitoring and Auditing

Follow the format below:

Privacy Risk: FMP-FTP does not share information externally.

Mitigation: FMP-FTP does not share information externally.

Section 6. Notice

The following questions are directed at providing notice to the individual of the scope of information collected, the right to consent to uses of the information, and the right to decline to provide information.

6.1 Was notice provided to the individual before collection of the information? If yes, please provide a copy of the notice as an Appendix-A 6.1 on the last page of the document. Also provide notice given to individuals by the source system (A notice may include a posted privacy policy, a Privacy Act notice on forms, or a system of records notice published in the Federal Register.) If notice was not provided, why not?

These questions are related to privacy control TR-1, Privacy Notice, and TR-2, System of Records Notices and Privacy Act Statements, and TR-3, Dissemination of Privacy Program Information.

6.1a This question is directed at the notice provided before collection of the information. This refers to whether the person is aware that his or her information is going to be collected. A notice may include a posted privacy policy, a Privacy Act statement on forms, or a SORN published in the Federal Register, Notice of Privacy Practice provided to individuals for VHA systems. If notice was provided in the Federal Register, provide the citation.

The VA policy is not to disclose any personal information to third parties outside VA without their consent, except to facilitate the transaction, to act on caller's behalf at their request, or as authorized by law. Any questions or concerns regarding VA privacy policy or use of patient information can be made by contacting via email at Contact VA Privacy Service, or by mailing questions or concerns at Department of Veterans Affairs, Privacy Service, 810 Vermont Avenue, N.W. (005R1A) Washington, DC 20420.

VHA Notice of Privacy Practices is located at [https://www.va.gov/files/2022-10/10-163p_%28004%29_-Notices_of_Privacy_Practices- PRINT ONLY.pdf](https://www.va.gov/files/2022-10/10-163p_%28004%29_-Notices_of_Privacy_Practices-PRINT_ONLY.pdf)

It is Veterans Health Administration (VHA) policy that the VHA Notice of Privacy Practices (Information Bulletin 10-163) is created, maintained, and distributed in compliance with the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA) Privacy Rule at 45 C.F.R. § 164.520, to inform Veterans, beneficiaries, caregivers, and non-Veteran patients of the use and disclosure of their health information without authorization, their rights to access and restrictions on certain uses and disclosures and VHA's legal duties to maintain the privacy of their health information. AUTHORITY: 45 C.F.R. parts 160 and 164.

The SORN for FMP-EFT is as follows:

<https://department.va.gov/privacy/system-of-records-notices/>

- SORN: 54VA10NB3, Veterans and Beneficiaries Purchased Care Community Health Care Claims, Correspondence, Eligibility, Inquiry and Payment Files - VA (3-3-2015), <https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pkg/FR-2015-03-03/pdf/2015-04312.pdf>
- SORN: 147VA10, Enrollment and Eligibility Records - VA (8-17-2021), <https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pkg/FR-2021-08-17/pdf/2021-17528.pdf>
 - SORN: 54VA10NB3, Veterans and Beneficiaries Purchased Care Community Health Care Claims, Correspondence, Eligibility, Inquiry and Payment Files - VA (3-3-2015), <https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pkg/FR-2015-03-03/pdf/2015-04312.pdf>
 - SORN: 147VA10, Enrollment and Eligibility Records - VA (8-17-2021), <https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pkg/FR-2021-08-17/pdf/2021-17528.pdf>

6.1b If notice was not provided, explain why. If it was provided, attach a copy of the current notice.

FMP EFT does not collect information from the Veteran/Beneficiary. The sources collecting the information provide this notice.

6.1c Describe how the notice provided for the collection of information is adequate to inform those affected by the system that their information has been collected and is being used appropriately. Provide information on any notice provided on forms or on Web sites associated with the collection.

FMP EFT does not collect information from the Veteran/Beneficiary. The sources collecting the information provide this notice.

6.2 Do individuals have the opportunity and right to decline to provide information? If so, is a penalty or denial of service attached?

This question is directed at whether the person from or about whom information is collected can decline to provide the information and if so, whether a penalty or denial of service is attached. This question is related to privacy control IP-1, Consent, IP-2, Individual Access, and IP-3, Redress.

FMP EFT does not collect information from the Veteran/Beneficiary. The sources collecting the information provide this notice.

6.3 Do individuals have the right to consent to particular uses of the information? If so, how does the individual exercise the right?

This question is directed at whether an individual may provide consent for specific uses, or the consent is given to cover all uses (current or potential) of his or her information. If specific consent is required, how would the individual consent to each use? This question is related to privacy control IP-1, Consent.

FMP EFT does not collect information from the Veteran/Beneficiary. The sources collecting the information provide this notice.

6.4 PRIVACY IMPACT ASSESSMENT: Notice

Describe the potential risks associated with potentially insufficient notice and what steps, if any, are currently being taken to mitigate those identified risks. (Work with your System ISSO to complete all Privacy Risk questions inside the document this section).

Consider the following FIPPs below to assist in providing a response:

Principle of Transparency: *Has sufficient notice been provided to the individual?*

Principle of Use Limitation: *Is the information used only for the purpose for which notice was provided either directly to the individual or through a public notice? What procedures are in place to ensure that information is used only for the purpose articulated in the notice?*

This question is related to privacy control TR-1, Privacy Notice, AR-2, Privacy Impact and Risk Assessment, and UL-1, Internal Use.

Follow the format below:

Privacy Risk: If notice is not provided in a timely manner, an individual may give information that they do not want to be shared.

Mitigation: The FMP-EFT system does not collect information directly from an individual, and the mitigation is not applicable for the FMP-EFT system and is the responsibility of the VA to provide the privacy practice notices to the Veteran at the time of service in accordance with VHA Handbook 1605.4 NOTICE OF PRIVACY PRACTICES.

Section 7. Access, Redress, and Correction

The following questions are directed at an individual's ability to ensure the accuracy of the information collected about him or her.

7.1 What are the procedures that allow individuals to gain access to their information?

These questions are related to privacy control IP-2, Individual Access, and AR-8, Accounting of Disclosures.

7.1a Cite any procedures or regulations your program has in place that allow access to information. These procedures, at a minimum, should include the agency's FOIA/Privacy Act practices, but may also include additional access provisions. For example, if your program has a customer satisfaction unit, that information, along with phone and email contact information, should be listed in this section in addition to the agency's procedures. See 5 CFR 294 and the VA FOIA Web page at <http://www.foia.va.gov/> to obtain information about FOIA points of contact and information about agency FOIA processes.

VHA Directive 1605.01, Privacy and Release of Information states the rights of Veterans and Beneficiaries to request access to review their records. VA Form 10-5345a, Individual's Request for a Copy of Their Own Health Information, may be used as the written request requirement. All requests to review or seek copies of records must be received by direct mail, fax, in person, or by mail referral from another agency or VA office. All requests for access to data must be delivered to, and reviewed by, the System Manager for the concerned VHA system of records, the facility Privacy Officer, or their designee. Each request must include the signature of the requester, date of birth, copy of signed government identification, state what is request and the period of the information requested. Mail requests for eligibility information/records to: CHAMPVA Eligibility PO Box 469028 Denver, CO 80246-9028. Mail requests for CHAMPVA billing/claim records to: VHA Office of Integrated Veteran Care Privacy/FOIA Office, PO Box 469060 Denver, CO 80246-9060. Requests for medical and pharmacy billing assistance - <https://www.va.gov/OGC/Collections.asp>.

7.1b If the system is exempt from the access provisions of the Privacy Act, please explain the basis for the exemption or cite the source where this explanation may be found, for example, a Final Rule published in the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR)?

FMP-EFT is not exempt from the access provisions of the Privacy Act

7.1c If the system is not a Privacy Act system, please explain what procedures and regulations are in place that covers an individual gaining access to his or her information?

FMP-EFT is a Privacy Act system.

7.2 What are the procedures for correcting inaccurate or erroneous information?

Describe the procedures and provide contact information for the appropriate person to whom such issues should be addressed? If the correction procedures are the same as those given in question 7.1,

state as much. This question is related to privacy control IP-3, Redress, and IP-4, Complaint Management.

An individual can, at any time, request their health records through existing MyHealtheVet or other VA programs external to the FMP-EFT systems. The FMP-EFT systems only transmit data/documents to other systems.

See Appendix A for the notice of privacy practices provided at all VA medical centers, which includes the following: Right to Review and Obtain a Copy of Health Information. You have the right to review and obtain a copy of your health information in our records. You must submit a written request to the facility Privacy Officer at the VHA health care facility that provided or paid for your care. NOTE: Please send a written request, to your VHA health care facility Privacy Officer. The VHA Privacy Office at Central Office in Washington, D.C. does not maintain VHA health records, nor past military service health records. For a copy of your military service health records, please contact the National Personnel Records Center at (314)801-0800. The Web site is Veteran's Service Records

7.3 How are individuals notified of the procedures for correcting their information?

How are individuals made aware of the procedures for correcting his or her information? This may be through notice at collection or other similar means. This question is meant to address the risk that even if procedures exist to correct information, if an individual is not made fully aware of the existence of those procedures, then the benefits of the procedures are significantly weakened. This question is related to privacy control IP-3, Redress, and IP-4, Complaint Management.

IB 10-163, VHA Notice of Privacy Practices, is provided to beneficiaries of VHA health benefits upon enrollment and every 3 years thereafter as outlined in VHA Handbook 1605.04. An individual has the right to request a copy of the VHA Notice of Privacy Practice at any time. The VHA Notice of Privacy Practices details the uses and disclosures of the individual's individually identifiable health information that may be made by VHA, as well as the individual's rights, and VHA's legal duties with respect to individually identifiable health information.

See Appendix A for the notice of privacy practices provided at all VA medical centers, which includes the following: Right to Request Receipt of Communications in a Confidential Manner. You have the right to request that we provide your health information to you by alternative means or at an alternative location. We will accommodate reasonable requests, as determined by VA/VHA policy, from you to receive communications containing your health information:

- At a mailing address (e.g., confidential communications address) other than your permanent address
- In person, under certain circumstances

7.4 If no formal redress is provided, what alternatives are available to the individual?

*Redress is the process by which an individual gains access to his or her records and seeks corrections or amendments to those records. Redress may be provided through the Privacy Act and Freedom of Information Act (FOIA), and also by other processes specific to a program, system, or group of systems. **Example: Some projects allow users to directly access and correct/update their information online. This helps ensure data accuracy.***

This question is related to privacy control IP-3, Redress, and IP-4, Complaint Management.

If a Veteran or Beneficiary discovers that incorrect information was provided during the intake process, they must submit an information amendment request. The request must be in writing and adequately describe the specific information the individual believes to be inaccurate, incomplete, irrelevant, or untimely and the reason for this belief. The written request needs to be mailed or delivered to the VA health care facility that maintains the record. A request for amendment of information contained in a system of records must be delivered to the System Manager, or designee, for the concerned VHA system of records, and the facility Privacy Officer, or designee, to be date stamped; and is filed appropriately. In reviewing requests to amend or correct records, the System Manager must be guided by the criteria set forth in VA regulation 38 CFR 1.579.

7.5 PRIVACY IMPACT ASSESSMENT: Access, redress, and correction

*Discuss what risks there currently are related to the Department's access, redress, and correction policies and procedures for this system and what, if any, steps have been taken to mitigate those risks. **For example, if a project does not allow individual access, the risk of inaccurate data needs to be discussed in light of the purpose of the project. For example, providing access to ongoing law enforcement activities could negatively impact the program's effectiveness because the individuals involved might change their behavior.** (Work with your System ISSO to complete all Privacy Risk questions inside the document this section).*

Consider the following FIPPs below to assist in providing a response:

Principle of Individual Participation: *Is the individual provided with the ability to find out whether a project maintains a record relating to him?*

Principle of Individual Participation: *If access and/or correction is denied, then is the individual provided notice as to why the denial was made and how to challenge such a denial?*

Principle of Individual Participation: *Is there a mechanism by which an individual is able to prevent information about him obtained for one purpose from being used for other purposes without his knowledge?*

This question is related to privacy control IP-3, Redress.

Follow the format below:

Privacy Risk: Privacy risks are with end users approved for access to specific information, misusing such information being the most predominant risk. All systems are susceptible to hackers, and risk exists.

Mitigation: Users are restricted by role-based assignments access to only that data needed to process the claim. Hacking attempts are thwarted through a multifaceted approach of NSOC manned firewalls and gateways, AD account requirements, role-based assignments, and login credentials.

Section 8. Technical Access and Security

The following questions are intended to describe technical safeguards and security measures.

8.1 What procedures are in place to determine which users may access the system, and are they documented?

These questions are related to privacy control AR-7, Privacy-Enhanced System Design and Development.

8.1a Describe the process by which an individual receives access to the system?

The supervisor/Contracting Officer's Representative (COR) documents and monitors individual information system security training activities, including basic security awareness training and specific information system security training. This documentation and monitoring is performed through the use of the Talent Management System (TMS). Access to the system is granted to VA employees and contractors the supporting IT for the application after the supervisor/COR authorizes this access once requirements have been met. Only the IT system administrators authorized by VA IT will have the security role to modify the FMP-EFT application. This PIA will not result in technology protocol changes, additional controls, or single sign on, as per privacy control AR-7, Privacy-Enhanced System Design and Development. All FMP-EFT users must take the following steps before they are granted access to the system:

- Individuals must take and pass training on VA Privacy and Information Security Awareness and Rules of Behavior (VA 10176) and Privacy and HIPAA Training(VA 10203), and government ethics.
- Individuals must have a completed security investigation.
- After the training and the security investigation are complete, a request is submitted for access.

8.1b Identify users from other agencies who may have access to the system and under what roles these individuals have access to the system. Who establishes the criteria for what PII can be shared?

No other agencies require access to FMP-EFT.

8.1c Describe the different roles in general terms that have been created to provide access to the system? For example, certain users may have "read-only" access while others may be permitted to make certain amendments or changes to the information.

Developer Access: Developers account management processes should further ensure that only end users are able to access the environment. Developers and FMP-EFT Project teams will work to create, update, access and disable developer accounts for project teams. Additionally, there shall be a review of user access periodically to evaluate whether users are active in the environment; if the user is not active, their account is terminated. All requests for access must be delivered to and reviewed by the System Manager for the concerned VHA system of records, the facility Privacy Officer, or their designee. A designated VA Project Point of Contact (POC) is the only person who may submit account creation requests and submitted for accountability purposes.

End-User and Tester Access: All individuals requesting developer access are required to complete all VA trainings (VA Privacy and Information Security Awareness and Rules of Behavior (VA 10176) and Privacy and HIPAA Training (VA 10203)) and applicable role-based training. This may include but is not limited to Information Security for IT Specialists Training) and must be authorized by VA Project Manager. To ensure that this requirement is met, the designated VA Project POC must submit a signed Access Request Form for an individual or a group. At minimum, the following information should be provided for each VA Project Team member requesting access to the FMP-EFT application Environments: First Name, Last Name, Primary E-mail, Main Phone, Manager, current on VA Training, VA Employee or Contractor, VA Active Directory Username, Environment, Access Permissions, and Contract End date, access justification and completed training certifications.

8.2 Will VA contractors have access to the system and the PII? If yes, what involvement will contractors have with the design and maintenance of the system? Has a contractor confidentiality agreement, Business Associate Agreement (BAA), or a Non-Disclosure Agreement (NDA) been developed for contractors who work on the system?

If so, how frequently are contracts reviewed and by whom? Describe the necessity of the access provided to contractors to the system and whether clearance is required. If Privacy Roles and Responsibilities have been established to restrict certain users to different access levels, please describe the roles and associated access levels. Explain the need for VA contractors to have access to the PII. This question is related to privacy control AR-3, Privacy Requirements for Contractors, and Service Providers.

VA contractors have access to the pre-production environments for development purposes. Contractors also have access to the live production system for maintenance activities. The following steps are required before contractors can gain access to the system:

- Contractors must take and pass training on VA Privacy and Information Security Awareness and Rules of Behavior (VA 10176) and Privacy and HIPAA Training (VA10203), and government ethics and role-based training based on support role to the system.
- Contractors must have signed the Non-Disclosure Agreement (NDA) and Rules of Behavior (RoB).

- Contractors must have successfully completed VA contractor background security investigation as per the Position Designation Automated Tool (PDT).

- Once complete, a request is submitted for access. Before access is granted to the production environment; this request must be approved by the supervisor, and OIT.

VA owns the data that the FMP-EFT application extracts from the source applications and secures the FMP-EFT application data. The VA and CORs have weekly meetings for the review of the contract details and this contract is reviewed at least on an annual basis. There shall be a regular review of user access to evaluate whether users are active in the environment. If a user is not active, the account will be terminated. A designated VA Project POC is the only person who may submit account creation requests for accountability purposes. Contractor access to the system expires at the end of the contract duration or earlier.

8.3 Describe what privacy training is provided to users either generally or specifically relevant to the program or system?

VA offers privacy and security training. Each program or system may offer training specific to the program or system that touches on information handling procedures and sensitivity of information. Please describe how individuals who have access to PII are trained to handle it appropriately. This question is related to privacy control AR-5, Privacy Awareness and Training.

Personnel who will be accessing the system must read and acknowledge their receipt and acceptance of the VA Information Security RoB, prior to gaining access to the FMP-EFT system. The rules are included as part of the security awareness training that all personnel must complete via the VA's Talent Management System (TMS). After the user's initial acceptance of the Rules, the user must re-affirm their acceptance annually as part of the security awareness training. Acceptance obtained through electronic acknowledgment is tracked through the TMS system. All VA employees must complete annual Privacy and Security training. This training includes, but is not limited to, the following TMS Courses:

- VA 10176: Privacy and Info Security Awareness and Rules of Behavior
- VA 10203: Privacy and HIPPA Training
- VA 3812493: Annual Government Ethics Role-based Training includes but is not limited to and based on the role of the use
- VA 1016925: Information Assurance for Software Developers IT Software Developers
- VA 3193: Information Security for CIOs Executives, Senior Managers, CIOs and CFOs
- VA 1357084: Information Security Role-Based Training for Data Managers
- VA 64899: Information Security Role-Based Training for IT Project Managers'
- VA 3197: Information Security Role-Based Training for IT Specialists
- VA 1357083: Information Security Role-Based Training for Network Administrators
- VA 1357076: Information Security Role-Based Training for System Administrators
- VA 3867207: Information Security Role-Based Training for System Own

8.4 Has Authorization and Accreditation (A&A) been completed for the system?

8.4a If Yes, provide:

1. The Security Plan Status: <<ADD ANSWER HERE>>
2. The System Security Plan Status Date: <<ADD ANSWER HERE>>
3. The Authorization Status: <<ADD ANSWER HERE>>
4. The Authorization Date: <<ADD ANSWER HERE>>
5. The Authorization Termination Date: <<ADD ANSWER HERE>>
6. The Risk Review Completion Date: <<ADD ANSWER HERE>>
7. The FIPS 199 classification of the system (LOW/MODERATE/HIGH): <<ADD ANSWER HERE>>

Please note that all systems containing SPI are categorized at a minimum level of “moderate” under Federal Information Processing Standards Publication 199.

8.4b If No or In Process, provide your **Initial Operating Capability (IOC) date**.

IOC- 09/30/2024 – This system is categorized as a “Moderate” system.

Section 9 – Technology Usage

The following questions are used to identify the technologies being used by the IT system or project.

9.1 Does the system use cloud technology? If so, what cloud model is being utilized?

If so, Does the system have a FedRAMP provisional or agency authorization? If the system does use cloud technology, but does not have FedRAMP authorization, explain how the Cloud Service Provider (CSP) solution was assessed and what FedRAMP documents and processes were used for the assessment in order to comply with VA Handbook 6517. Types of cloud models include: Software as a Service (SaaS), Infrastructure as a Service (IaaS), Platform as a Service (PaaS), Commercial off the Shelf (COTS), Desktop as a Service (DaaS), Mobile Backend as a Service (MBaaS), Information Technology Management as a Service (ITMAaaS). This question is related to privacy control UL-1, Information Sharing with Third Parties.

VAEC - Amazon Web Services (PaaS) Platform

9.2 Does the contract with the Cloud Service Provider, Contractors and VA customers establish who has ownership rights over data including PII? (Provide contract number and supporting information about PII/PHI from the contract). (Refer to question 3.3.2 of the PTA) This question is related to privacy control AR-3, Privacy Requirements for Contractors, and Service Providers.

The following statement is found in Section 9.1 above. (Refer to question 3.3.1 of the PTA))

9.3 Will the CSP collect any ancillary data and if so, who has ownership over the ancillary data?

Per NIST 800-144, cloud providers hold significant details about the accounts of cloud consumers that could be compromised and used in subsequent attacks. Ancillary data also

involves information the cloud provider collects or produces about customer-related activity in the cloud. It includes data collected to meter and charge for consumption of resources, logs and audit trails, and other such metadata that is generated and accumulated within the cloud environment.

This question is related to privacy control DI-1, Data Quality.

The following statement is found in Section 9.1 above *(Refer to question 3.3.1 of the PTA)*

9.4 NIST 800-144 states, “Organizations are ultimately accountable for the security and privacy of data held by a cloud provider on their behalf.” Is this principle described in contracts with customers? Why or why not?

What are the roles and responsibilities involved between the organization and cloud provider, particularly with respect to managing risks and ensuring organizational requirements are met? This question is related to privacy control AR-3, Privacy Requirements for Contractors and Service Providers.

The following statement is found in Section 9.1 above *(Refer to question 3.3.1 of the PTA)*

9.5 If the system is utilizing Robotics Process Automation (RPA), please describe the role of the bots.

Robotic Process Automation is the use of software scripts to perform tasks as an automated process that executes in parallel with or in place of human input. For example, will the automation move or touch PII/PHI information. RPA may also be referred to as “Bots” or Artificial Intelligence (AI).

The following statement is found in Section 9.1 above. *(Refer to question 3.3.1 of the PTA)*

Section 10. References

Summary of Privacy Controls by Family

Summary of Privacy Controls by Family

ID	Privacy Controls
AP	Authority and Purpose
AP-1	Authority to Collect
AP-2	Purpose Specification
AR	Accountability, Audit, and Risk Management
AR-1	Governance and Privacy Program
AR-2	Privacy Impact and Risk Assessment
AR-3	Privacy Requirements for Contractors and Service Providers
AR-4	Privacy Monitoring and Auditing
AR-5	Privacy Awareness and Training
AR-7	Privacy-Enhanced System Design and Development
AR-8	Accounting of Disclosures
DI	Data Quality and Integrity
DI-1	Data Quality
DI-2	Data Integrity and Data Integrity Board
DM	Data Minimization and Retention
DM-1	Minimization of Personally Identifiable Information
DM-2	Data Retention and Disposal
DM-3	Minimization of PII Used in Testing, Training, and Research
IP	Individual Participation and Redress
IP-1	Consent
IP-2	Individual Access
IP-3	Redress
IP-4	Complaint Management
SE	Security
SE-1	Inventory of Personally Identifiable Information
SE-2	Privacy Incident Response
TR	Transparency
TR-1	Privacy Notice
TR-2	System of Records Notices and Privacy Act Statements
TR-3	Dissemination of Privacy Program Information
UL	Use Limitation
UL-1	Internal Use
UL-2	Information Sharing with Third Parties

Signature of Responsible Officials

The individuals below attest that the information provided in this Privacy Impact Assessment is true and accurate.

Privacy Officer, Eller Pamintuan

Information Systems Security Officer, Richard Alomar-Loubriel

Information Systems Owner, Dena Liston

APPENDIX A-6.1

Please provide a link to the notice or verbiage referred to in Section 6 (a notice may include a posted privacy policy; a Privacy Act notice on forms; screen shot of a website collection privacy notice).

HELPFUL LINKS:

General Records Schedule

<https://www.archives.gov/records-mgmt/grs.html>

National Archives (Federal Records Management):

<https://www.archives.gov/records-mgmt/grs>

VA Publications:

<https://www.va.gov/vapubs/>

VA Privacy Service Privacy Hub:

<https://dvagov.sharepoint.com/sites/OITPrivacyHub>

Notice of Privacy Practice (NOPP):

[VHA Notice of Privacy Practices](#)

[VHA Handbook 1605.04: Notice of Privacy Practices](#)